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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Miss Grillo, aged 17 years, reported by her physician Saturday as having symptoms of yellow fever, died Sunday in New Orleans. —— The Society of Friends condemns the treatment of convicts in some of the Southern States. —— The twelfth annual convention of international railway surgeons is in session at Richmond, Va. —— An official abstract of the report of the Nicaraguan canal commissioners is published. —— It is feared that Cashier Benedict, of the Athens, Ga., Exchange Bank, has been murdered or is temporarily insane. —— The Ohio Valley League of Bimetallic Clubs, holding a convention in Louisville, endorsed Wm. J. Bryan for President of the United States. —— A leader of the Cuban military assembly is said to be soliciting contributions for a revolutionary fund, in Havana; payment of Cuban troops progresses slowly. —— The American scheme for arbitration at The Hague conference meets with the approval of the delegates. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 2½@2¾ per cent., last loan being at 2½ per cent.; cotton quiet; middling uplands 6½c.; flour more active and stronger at 5@15c. advance over Saturday's figures; wheat —spot easy; No. 2 red 86½c.; corn—spot quiet; No. 2, 40¾c.; rosin quiet; spirits turpentine steady at 43@43½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., May 31.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 76 degrees; 8 P. M., 74 degrees; maximum, 82 degrees; minimum, 70 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 4.12.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Generally partly cloudy and continued warm weather prevailed during the past twenty-four hours, with light showers in all but the New Orleans district.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—For North Carolina—Fair Thursday, preceded by showers on the coast; fair Friday; fresh southerly winds.

Port Almanac—June 1.

Sun Rises	4.48	A. M.
Sun Sets	7.08	P. M.
Day's Length	14 H. 22 M.	
High Water at Southport	2.07	P. M.
High Water Wilmington	5.37	P. M.

The submarine cables that girdle the earth are estimated to have cost $250,000,000. This looks like sinking a good deal of money.

Jerry Simpson has come to the conclusion that it is hard for a good man to get into office, and it is pretty hard for him to stay in when he gets in.

The fellow who suggested a fourteen gallon punch bowl for the battleship Kentucky probably thought she would be manned by Kentuckians.

The New York *Tribune* rises to remark that "the crop of Spring yarns has never been equalled." Fspecially the crop produced in the Philippin es.

President McKinley has not been so absorbed in the Philippine unpleasantness that he couldn't take time to take a whack at the civil service law.

The London cremation society cremated only 240 bodies last year. Pretty good evidence that the average English mortal doesn't hanker for fire after death.

The exports of manufactured goods from this country for the months of March and April exceeded in value those for the corresponding months of last year by $15,000,000.

A Scotch editor whose eyes got tired tried the experiment of resting them by placing bits of colored paper near the inkstand, so that when he dipped his pen his eyes would fall on the colored paper. This rested them, and he soon found that he could get along without specks. This is a highly colored assertion.

When that Akron, Ohio, man ships more cereal foods to Germany, with a picture of the Empress on the packages, he will take care to put a nose on the Empress. He omitted this on a lot of stuff he sold to a Berlin firm and they are now suing him for damages because the people wouldn't buy the noseless stuff.

Plain, ordinary workmen seem to be pretty cheap in Connecticut, where a railroad company was sued for $5,000 damages for the death of one of its employes, who was killed by the negligence of the agents, and the jury gave a verdict for $10, hardly enough to bury him unless he was rolled to the cemetery on a wheelbarrow. It isn't stated how much the jury got.

LOCAL DOTS.

— There were no cases before the Mayor yesterday.

— Jefferson Lodge No. 1, Knights of Pythias, conferred a degree upon one candidate last night.

— Reports from Georgia show good stands of watermelons and a larger acreage than last year. Florida melons are now being shipped and the Georgia movement will begin next week.

— Dr. William D. McMillan, superintendent of health, has an advertisement in the STAR this morning forbidding, under special health ordinances, all digging or removal of the soil on and after June 1st.

— The flow of cottagers to Wrightsville Beach has well begun. Several families have gone down already, and soon the beach, cottages and hotels will present the usual animated scenes of the Summer season. The early morning train will be put on to-day.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. Prempert—Notice.
W. B. Cooper—Milling corn.
Superintendent of Health—Notice.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Capt. R. L. Autrey, of Autreyville, was here yesterday.

— Mr. J. H. Taylor, of Jacksonville, was here on business yesterday.

— Dr. E. Porter, Rocky Point, was among the visitors to the city yesterday.

— Mr. Claude Gore, son of Mr. D. L. Gore, has returned from Wake Forest College. He is one of this year's graduates.

— Sergeant W. K. Oswill, of Fort Caswell, was here yesterday going to Fortress Monroe under orders. He had only just returned from Fort Macon.

— Winston-Salem *Journal*, May 30th: Mrs. Edward Lattimer, of Wilmington, who has been visiting Mrs. E. E. Gray, left last evening for New York.

— Rev. J. J. Adams and family, of Southport, passed through the city yesterday on their way to Apex, N.C., where Mr. Adams was called by the serious illness of his father.

— Mr. E. H. Farriss, of the Palace Bakery, left yesterday for a Summer vacation, which he will spend in the Western part of the State. He will spend some time at High Point, the guest of his brother, Editor J. J. Farriss, of the *Enterprise*. He also expects to visit Asheville and other resorts.

DIED ON THE STREET.

A White Man Whose Home is On Greenville Sound.

Asiel Howard, a white man, whose home is on Greenville Sound, died very suddenly at 9.30 o'clock last night near the corner of Ninth and Orange streets. He had just left Mr. Calvin Gore's store and was going towards the Seacoast depot. He had gotten only a few steps when he fell to the ground. Mr. Gore, who was looking on, ran to the sick man's relief and carried him into the rear of the store. He died in a few moments. Medical aid was promptly summoned, but it came too late.

Dr. R. J. Price, coroner, was called at once. No inquest was necessary. As none of the man's friends was within reach, Dr. Price arranged with undertaker D. C. Evans to take charge of the body until to-morrow morning, when it will be sent down to the Sound.

Deceased was a member of Company K, N. C. Volunteers. He was subject to pulmonary troubles—aggravated last night by excessive drinking.

A. & Y. Conductors.

The uncertainty as to what effect the acquisition by the Southern of the portion of the Atlantic and Yadkin Railway between Sanford and Mt. Airy would have on the runs of the conductors has been removed. Beginning to-day an arrangement will be in effect by which Capt. W. H. Pemberton and Capt. J. M. Walker will make the run between here and Sanford, while Capt. W. C. Dodson and Capt. J. A. McLauchlin will have charge of the trains between Sanford and Mt. Airy. Capt. Pemberton goes out this morning under the new arrangement and Capt. Walker will come in this afternoon.

Preparing for Annual Meeting.

There was a meeting of the Executive Committee of the East Carolina Truck and Fruit Growers, Association yesterday at The Orton, the purpose being to prepare reports and set matters in order for the annual meeting of the stockholders to be held in this city on June 21st. There was no business of public interest. Members of the Executive Committee in attendance were Mr. W. L. Hill (president), of Warsaw; Mr. J. S. Westbrook, of Faison; Mr. J. A. Brown, of Chadbourn; Mr. J. A. Westbrook, of Mt. Olive; and Mr. W. J. Boney, of Wallace.

Obstructions to Navigation.

The government "snagging" boat *Wright*, Capt. P. T. Dicksey, goes up Black river this week to spend a while removing obstructions to navigation. The appropriation for Black river is $2,000. The *Wright* also looks out for the removal of snags and other obstructions in the Cape Fear, Upper Cape Fear and Town Creek. The total appropriation is upwards of $15,000.

ST. THOMAS' SCHOOL

The Thirty-first Annual Entertainment Was Rendered Last Night.

IT WAS A BIG SUCCESS.

An Interesting and Well Presented Programme—"Down You Go," a One-Act Comedy, One of the Principal Features—Participants.

The assembly room of St. Thomas' Parochial school was thronged with patrons and friends last night, the occasion being the 31st annual commencement of this excellent and deservedly popular school. An admirable programme was rendered in a highly creditable manner, the concluding feature being a laughable and well presented comedy entitled "Down You Go."

Dr. Thomas B. Carroll announced the various features of the programme, the first of which was a song "Welcome," admirably rendered by all the pupils of the school.

The second number was a "May Pole Dance," charmingly executed by a number of lads and lassies on the large and prettily arranged rostrum. The participants were:

Misses Hayden, Reilly, Rowan, Bate Lacy, Westerman, Lockfaw and Higgins. Masters Hayden, Bergen Karb, Rowan, Croom, Norgard, Green and W. Bergen. Miss Corbett, piano accompanist.

The Kindergarten class, in time to music by Miss Maggie Corbett, rendered a march and song which were well received.

Miss Hattie Taylor, the accomplished elocutionist, elicited a perfect storm of applause by the rendition of an appropriate selection.

"Scarf Fantistics and Delsarte Posing" was a beautiful feature of the exercises, a bevy of appropriately costumed Misses being the participants. They were Misses Reilly, Corbett, Galloway, Meier, Lacy, M. Corbett, Camorieso, Boemer, Green, Madeline Corbett, Hergenrother and M. Bate.

The whole school took part in the rendering of "Greeting to May." Miss A. Robinson was the piano accompanist. The concluding feature of this number was a prettily designed tableau.

"Down You Go," the one-act comedy, was the next number, and a mirth-provoking one it proved to be. The comedy was well staged, the principal features being the office of *Thespelis Sharpe*, a lawyer, and the shop of *Hans Bungspengel*, a shoemaker, on either side of the stage. The lawyer's office was so designed as to be on the second story of a building and the stairway was constructed so that the steps could be manipulated in such a way as to precipitate objectionable callers down stairs.

Every character was well presented last night, but especial praise is certainly due Master E. Reilly, who played the part of *Hans Bungspengel*, the shoemaker. He interpreted his role in a manner which would have done credit to a professional actor.

The following was the cast of characters:

"Theophelis Sharpe," a lawyer—Master J. Quinlivan.

"Peter," an office boy—Leo Lacy.

"Hans Bungspengel," a shoemaker—E. Reilly.

"Terrence O'Connell," a policeman—D. Quinlivan.

"James Flashing," an insurance agent—W. Lacy.

"Giovanni Baccioco," an Italian—M. Croom.

"Nicodemus Morosini," a tragedian—M. Meier.

"Lee Kong," a Chinaman—I. Lockfaw.

"Wroscoe Colmati," a bear-tamer—J. Gilleslain.

"Bruno," a bear—B. Jones.

When the enthusiastic applause elicited by the presentation of the comedy had subsided Father Dennen addressed the audience, expressing the appreciation of the faculty for the patronage accorded the entertainment and paying a deserved compliment to the children for the admirable way in which they all did the parts assigned to them on the programme.

The STAR is glad to announce that the admission fee charged last night netted a very creditable sum of money, which will be donated to the Roman Catholic Orphanage at Belmont The children also donated their premiums to the orphans.

The pupils and faculty are to be congratulated upon the thorough succes which attended the entertainment.

Front Between Orange and Ann.

Superintendent of streets Perry will put a coat of phosphate rock on Front between Orange and Ann. Work has already begun on the east side of the car track. This improvement is much needed, as the portion of the street between Orange and Ann has been hitherto neglected. The street is paved with Belgian blocks as far South as Orange and from Ann street on the phosphate rock has been used.

Tax Assessors.

County Assessors T. F. Bagley and John H. Hanby and Tax Lister T. O. Bunting have completed their tour of the city as far as they can go in a conveyance. They will have to foot it for two or three days now. They began their work April 12th.

On account of State meeting I. O. O. F. D. of G., Raleigh, N. C., June 28, the Seaboard Air Line offers round trip tickets to Raleigh at $6.55 for the round trip. Tickets to be on sale June 27th and 28th, with final limit June 30th, 1899.

THE CITY TAX ORDINANCE.

Adopted by Audit and Finance Board As Approved by the Board of Aldermen.

The Board of Audit and Finance met yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock pursuant to the call of the chair. All the members were present: Chairman H. C. McQueen, and Messrs. Jesse Wilder, W. A. Riach, S. P. McNair and C. W. Yates. The chairman stated that the meeting was called to consider the tax ordinance as approved by the Board of Aldermen.

Mr. McNair moved that the ordinance be approved, his motion being seconded by Mr. Yates. Mr. Riach moved as a substitute that the ordinance be not approved. This motion was seconded by Mr. Wilder. Ayes and noes on the substitute were called for. The count showed votes as follows: Mr. Riach, aye; Mr. Wilder, aye; Mr. McNair, no; Mr. Yates, no; Mr. McQueen, no. The substitute was declared lost.

The original motion to approve was then voted on and carried; Messrs. McNair, McQueen and Yates voting aye and Messrs. Wilder and Riach voting no. The board then adjourned.

There are several points of difference between this tax ordinance as finally approved and that of last year. Tax on bakers and confectionery dealers is changed from $2.20 to $2.50 per month; on bar-keepers, from $11 to $22; bottlers of beer or other liquors or similar beverage, from $15 to $20; cart houses, $27 to $24; retail liquor dealers, $11 to $22 (persons selling under this license who also pay as bar-keepers pay only $5.50 a month additional;) rice beer or similar beverage, from $11 to $22; oil and creosote companies and wholesale dealers in lubricating and illuminating oils, from $10 to $20; shippers of fish, eggs &c, $5.50 to $3; blacksmith shops etc, from $2.50 to $2; upholsterers and paper-hangers, $3 to $2. There are other changes but the above mentioned are the most important. Barbers are taxed 25 cents for each chair as formerly, although the impression has prevailed among some of the barbers that the tax was to be increased to 75 cents. The tax on dance houses, previously $20 per month is repealed, as license to such places will not be granted in the future. The city tax is also repealed on dentists, lawyers, and plumbers.

Several inquiries as to the city tax on dogs were made at the city hall yesterday. The Board of Aldermen will probably fix the price of dog badges at the next regular meeting, which will be on Monday, June 5th.

ELIZABETH COLLEGE.

A Creditable Catalogue of Charlotte's Splendid Institution of Learning.

The second annual catalogue of Elizabeth College, Charlotte, N. C., with announcements for 1899-00 has just been issued. The catalogue is handsomely gotten up, and is illustrated with views of the college grounds, buildings and apartments.

The college buildings are well appointed and commodious, with up-to-date equipments. The situation is in the most beautiful part of Charlotte, the height above the sea level being 760 feet.

The growth of the college has been very gratifying, and its aim, that of affording a broad and liberal education for women, is being well attained.

The curiculum is up to the highest standard of modern education, both as to the regular degree courses and the special branches. And the management realizing that while superior advantages in location, buildings and course of studies are very important, yet a high-grade faculty is the chief factor in making a thoroughly first-class college, Elizabeth College has, therefore, engaged only teachers who are both graduates of institutions of repute and who have done substantial post-graduate work in the best conservatories and had successful experience in college work.

The next term opens September 14th.

Officers in New Suits.

Police officers looked bright and clean in their handsome suits yesterday. Some of the suits did not fit, and several of the policemen were obliged, therefore, to keep on their old togs a while longer. The suits are the regulation blue, of light material, with nickel buttons. New helmets for the privates and new caps for the officers were also donned. Chief Parmele will wear a hat. Shoulder straps for Lieutenant Skipper and Captain Furlong and sleeve stripes for the three sergeants have been ordered, but haven't come yet.

The health officers have been wearing their new uniforms for several days. The firemen think their turn ought to come next, and have laid a petition before the Board of Aldermen asking that new suits be furnished.

Trinity College Commencement.

The commencement exercises of Trinity College, Durham, will be in progress June 4th to 7th. The following programme has been announced:

Sunday, June 4, 8.30 P. M.—Baccalaureate Address, by President John C. Kilgo.

Tuesday, June 6, 11 A. M.—Baccalaureate Sermon, by Bishop Wallace W. Duncan, Spartanburg, S. C.

Tuesday, June 6, 4 P. M.—Alumni Address, by Dr. E. T. White, Oxford.

Tuesday, June 6, 8.30 P. M.—Literary Address, by Bishop John W. Vincent, Buffalo, N. Y.

Wednesday, June 7, 10.30 A. M.—Graduating Exercises.

The STAR acknowledges with thanks the receipt of an invitation to attend these exercises.

COTTON ACREAGE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Circular Published by Latham, Alexander & Co. Shows a Marked Falling Off in the Acreage.

A circular published May 29th by Latham, Alexander & Co., of New York, gives some interesting and valuable information regarding the cotton acreage of the United States. The acreage this year is 21,106,000 acres, against 23,572,000 acres in 1898—a decrease of 2,466,000 acres or 10 4-10 per cent. The acreage decrease in the different cotton growing States is as follows: Alabama 10 per cent; Arkansas, 13; Florida, 7; Georgia 13; Louisiana, 9; Mississippi, 8: North Carolina, 13; South Carolina, 11; Tennessee, 14; Texas, 9; Various, 11. The circular shows that there were 1,218,000 acres of cotton in North Carolina in 1898, and 8,060,000 acreage in 1899. The planting season this year was on an average two weeks later; in Louisiana and Mississippi, three weeks.

The circular says further:

Our correspondents report that the reduction in the acreage has been brought about by the low price of cotton, reluctance of commission merchants to make as liberal advances to the planters as formerly, and the increase in acreage in tobacco, wheat and corn.

In Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina, owing to the continued drought and defective seed, much complaint exists of poor stands causing much replanting, and of late planting not coming up.

In Arkansas and portions of Texas there are complaints of too much rain causing a grassy condition, and considerable damage from worms.

Our correspondents also report a large reduction in the use of fertilizers, viz: 26 per cent. in Alabama, 25 per cent. in Florida, 30 per cent. in Georgia, 25 per cent. in North Carolina and 30 per cent. in South Carolina.

The method of getting the information upon which the foregoing figures are based is set forth by the following paragraph taken from the circular:

With the view of obtaining the most reliable information possible concerning the cotton acreage of the United States for 1899, we addressed, as usual, some 3,600 letters to cotton commission merchants, brokers, banks and bankers making advances, and responsible planters, embracing every cotton growing county in the South, asking acreage estimates. Up to this date we have received 2,577 replies, of average date, May 23rd, and the following is the result, which in our opinion is as approximately correct an estimate of the cotton acreage as can be secured by direct communication with parties competent to judge residing in the counties where the cotton is grown.

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

The report of the treasurer of the Associated Charities from January 1st, 1899, to May 1st, 1899, is as follows:

January 1st, 1899, balance on hand, $564.38. Receipts for January, from New Hanover county, $125; St. James' Parish, $98.52; W. H. Sprunt, $10; Mrs. T. C. James, $1; Mrs. George W. Kidder, $5; Mrs. C. P. Bolles, $1; Mrs. E. M. Gregg, $1; Mrs. L. McGinney, $1; Mrs. Berry Gleaves, $1; Cash, $5; St. Paul's E. Church, $7; St. Thomas' Catholic Church, $31; St. Andrews' Ladies' Aid Society, $5; Market Street M. E. Church, $1.50; Emanuel Presbyterian Church, $1; Bladen Street M. E. Church, $1.19; Chapel of Good Shepherd, 82 cents; H. G. Smallbones, $1; Mrs. B. F. Hall, $1. Receipts for February, from St. Andrews' Presbyterian Church, $9.16 New Hanover County, $125; William Latimer, $7.50; R. W. Hicks, $5; Dr. G. G. Thomas, $5; Mrs. B. F. Hall, $3; Cash, $5; Cash, $3; Cash, $5; cash, $40; cash, $4; Mrs. Clayton Giles, $5; William Calder, $10; Mrs. E. A. Northrop, $1; Cash, $2; P.S. Bridgers, $25; W. P. Toomer, $10; Wm. Nestle, $2; B. H. J. Ahrens, $5; Cash, $5; Miss Sybil Hancock, $5; Clayton Giles, $3; Mrs. Kate DeR. Meares, $3; John D. Taylor, $1; G. M. Sumerell—through him, $3.80; Alex Sprunt and son, $10; Friend, $100; Nash Bunting, $2; Miss Isabel Carpenter, $1; Mrs. W. L. Parsley, $25; Geo and Jennie Meares 20c; Miss Emily Bridgers, $10; E. S. Martin, $25; Dr. R. J. Pierce, $1; Mrs. Charles Humphrey, $5; James W. Woolvin, $5; First Presbyterian Church, $19.11; Fifth Street M. E. Church, $7.70; Grace M. E. Church, $15.32; Sabbath School—Temple Israel, $5.61; Second Advent Church, $2; Miss Watson, $4; E. P. Covington, $1.50; Mrs. W. H. Shaw, $2; cash, $1; Sol Bear, $5; Bishop A. A. Watson, $20; Mrs. Adam Empie, $1. Mrs. Elizabeth Latimer, $2.50; Mrs. M. E. Bridgers, $10.

RECEIPTS FOR MARCH.

Cash, $5; cash, $1; cash, $10; D. Quinlivan, $0.25; J. F. Garrell, $0.55; Wm. Latimer, $2.50; Mrs. Elizabeth Latimer, $2.50; P. H. Hayden, $0.90; J. O. Brown, $0.35.

RECEIPTS FOR APRIL.

A donation, $30.50; DeLaney Evans, $5; cash, $2; cash, $5; New Hanover county, $250; old check given by treasurer and never presented for payment, $9.30.

Total receipts, $1,200.28. Disbursements—Cash to secretary (salary for four months), $100; Old Ladies' Home, $50; groceries, $576; rent for those in need, $27; help, $16.25; janitor, $8.50; printing, $12.50; railroad fare, $27.50; postage and stationery, $3.97; shoes, $6; wood, $42.40; hauling wood, $1.40; nourishment for sick, $5.28; orphan, $65. Total disbursements, $941.80; balance May 1, $822.86.

Illness of Mrs. Holladay.

The Richmond *Dispatch* of yesterday has the following about the illness of a lady who has many friends in Wilmington:

Mr. Charles E. Bolling was called to Raleigh, N. C., last night, by a telegram announcing the illness of his sister, Mrs. Alexander Q. Holladay. Mrs. Holladay has not been well for some time, and her condition now causes serious apprehension on the part of her family and friends.

On account of having to give up my store, I will sell the most of my entire stock at cost for the next thirty days. Now is the time to get a bargain in my line—Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. J. T. BURKE, No. 7 South Front street. †

OUR SEASIDE RESORTS

Many Cottagers Are Moving to Wrightsville Beach and Carolina Beach.

SPECIAL WEEK-END RATES.

Announced by Atlantic Coast Line From Many Points in North and South Carolina — Will Give Excursionists Two Days Here.

The Wilmington Seacoast railroad will put on their ten-trains-a-day schedule this morning, and the Wrightsville Beach seaside season will be in full blast within a few days. Seashore Hotel is ready for and already has several guests, and all the cottages will be occupied within the next week or ten days. Those who have already moved down to the beach are Mr. and Mrs. James Sprunt, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Murchison, Mr. J. H. Watters and family, Mr. I. L. Greenwald and family, Mr. C. M. Whitlock and family, Mr. W. H. Carr and family, Mr. Simington and family, Capt. E. W. Van Court Lucas and family; Mr. H. G. Wadley and family and Mrs. Frazier, of Charlotte.

Several other families will move to the Beach to-day.

Carolina Beach.

A number of cottages on Carolina Beach are also occupied already. Among them are those of Mr. W. A. Willson, Mr. W. P. Price, Mr. H. A. Kure and Mr. J. F. Stolter.

Capt. Jenkins' hotel, The Oceanic, recently remodeled and renovated, is ready for guests and a full corps of servants will arrive fro n Salem within the next day or two. Mr. R. J. Lewis, the popular caterer, is already at his post and promises to give patrons of the hotel A 1 fare.

Capt. Harper informed a STAR reporter that on June the 8th the *Wilmington* will begin to make her regular early morning and late evening trips for the better accommodation of residents of the Beach.

Special Week-End Rates.

Now that the seaside resort season is opening the Atlantic Coast Line has announced greatly reduced week-end rates from various points to Wilmington, the tickets being on sale Saturdays, good until the following Monday night. These rates are to be in vogue until September 23rd. Some of the most notable rates on the A. C. L. system are the following:

From Newbern, $3; Goldsboro, $3; Rocky Mount, $3.50; Weldon, $4; Dunn, $4; Sanford, $3.50; Chadbourn, $2; Florence, S. C., $3; Timmonsville, S. C., $3. A rate of $4 is also announced on the Scotland Neck, Washington Tarboro and Clinton branches of the A. C. L.

Proportionate reductions are announced from many intermediate points between Wilmington and the various cities and towns named above.

The Columbia *State*, in referring to the special week-end rate of $3.00 from that city to Wilmington, says:

"Those desiring to take advantage of a trip to the ocean or Wrightsville Sound can leave Columbia at 6.40 A. M., arriving at Wilmington at 1.20 P. M. Returning, leave Wilmington at 3.45 P. M., reaching Columbia at 10.20 P. M. This gives two whole days in Wilmington or at the ocean, and will prove a delightful and very cheap trip."

The schedules from most of the other points named above are equally advantageous and will doubtless attract many people to Wilmington and her splendid seaside resorts during the coming season.

THE SITUATION IN BASE BALL CIRCLES.

The Game With Charlotte Called Off for the Present—O. A. N. and A. C. L. Teams Strengthened.

There will be no base ball games in Wilmington this week, the games to have been played on the Hilton Park diamond between the Charlotte team and Wilmington having been called off. A letter was received from Manager G. L. Clifton, of the Charlotte team, last night, to the effect that it would be impossible for the members of the team to get off to come to Wilmington Saturday, but that they hope to come later in the season.

The Hilton diamond is to be greatly improved before any further games are played. Mr. Skelding, manager of the Wilmington Street Railway, will put a force of hands at work on the diamond to-day. A new and larger grand-stand will be erected, and the grounds will be levelled up and put in excellent condition.

The rivalry between the O. A. N. and A. C. L. teams is waxing sharper every day, and their next game being the third, giving the best two out of three, will be played with especial vigor. Both teams will be very much strengthened before the third game is played. Messrs. Oldham, E. Jones and Royster have signed with the A. C. L. team, and the O. A. N. team is to be strengthened by the addition of Fred Bonitz, James Jackson and Frank Turrentine. Fred Bonitz comes home from the A. and M. College, where he has established a reputation as an excellent centre-field ball player. Messrs. Jackson and Turrentine will be at home very soon from the Horner School, where they have distinguished themselves as members of the base ball team.

In the future the O. A. N. team will practice on Mondays and Wednesdays on their grounds corner of Tenth and Orange streets, and on the Hilton diamond on Friday afternoons.

THE DELGADO COTTON MILLS.

The Ground to be Broken To-day for the Mammoth Buildings—Many Laborers Will be Employed.

Ground will be broken this morning for the main building of the Delgado Cotton Mills, the buildings for which, it will be remembered, are to cost about $75,000. Messrs Zachery and Zachery, the contractors, will put about fifty laborers to work to-day and the number of men is to be increased just as fast as the development of the work will admit, so that ere many weeks probably one hundred and fifty more, carpenters, bricklayers, and others will be given employment daily.

STAR readers will remember that the building is to be 252x129 feet, two stories high with an engine room 46x48 feet and a boiler room 37x40 feet with a smokestack 125 feet high. Then there are also to be dye houses, storage warehouses and other buildings. The contract calls for the completion of the buildings on or before October 1st.

Messrs. Zachery & Zachery will also put a force of carpenters to work on cottages, of which there are to be about 150, for the use of operatives, early next week.

The Atlantic Coast Line yesterday completed the side track to the Delgado mills site, near the Mineral spring, east of the city, and it will be turned over to Messrs. Zachery & Zachery to-day. Several car loads of brick, timber and other materials for the buildings are now at the A. C. L. depot, and will be placed on the side track at once. As previously announced, about 2,000,000 feet of lumber and 1,500,000 bricks will be required in the construction of the mills.

Mr. H. C. Zachery, the senior member of the firm of Zachery & Zachery, who has been in the city for some time superintending the erection of the Soloman building on Front street, will be in charge of the work of constructing the mills. Mr. J. W. Long arrived here last night and will superintend the brick work.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—3 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 4 barrels tar.

W., C. & A. Railroad—3 bales cotton. 27 casks spirits turpentine, 74 barrels rosin, 12 barrels tar, 12 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—9 casks spirits turpentine, 16 barrels rosin 53 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—2 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—34 casks spirits turpentine, 37 barrels rosin, 27 barrels tar, 5 barrels crude turpentine.

Schr. Goldlief—5 casks spirits turpentine, 35 barrels rosin.

Total—cotton, 8 bales; spirits turpentine, 89 casks; rosin, 162 barrels; tar, 96 barrels; crude turpentine, 66 barrels.

To Open Depositions.

Hon. John D. Bellamy, Congressman-elect for the Sixth District, left last night for Washington City. He will be joined there by C. M. Busbee, Esq., of Raleigh, one of his counsel in the contest for a seat in the next Congress. Oliver H. Dockery, who contests Bellamy's election, will also be present. Depositions in this and nine other contest cases will be opened in the presence of the clerk of the House, and it will be decided what shall appear in printed form. Mr. Bellamy will probably be out of the city for only a few days.

Justice Fowler's Court.

Ella Foy, colored, was before Justice Jno. J. Fowler yesterday on two charges. Of the first—disorderly conduct—she was adjudged guilty but judgment was suspended. The second charge was firing a pistol in the city limits. She was found guilty of this and fined $5 in addition to the costs.

Mary Flowers, colored, was adjudged guilty of disorderly conduct. Judgment suspended on recommendation of the prosecutor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On and After To-day, June 1st,

all digging or removal of the soil on private or other property is positively forbidden under special health ordinances.

WILLIAM D. McMILLAN, M. D.,
je 1 tf Superintendent of Health.

Annual Appearance.

Sunbeam Club of Miss Mamie Alderman's Select School will present at the Opera House, Friday night, June 2nd, the beautiful operetta, "Edith's Dream," for the benefit of the Odd Fellows' Orphan Home. Admission, 25 cents. No extra charge for reserve seats, which can be obtained on and after Wednesday morning at Gerken's. my 31 3t

NOTICE.

I have this day leased my Barber Shop, at No. 13 North Second street, to Ed. Gaion and Cornelius Davis, and respectfully solicit the patronage of my old friends for this firm. I will guarantee first-class service to all who are in need of a Shave, Hair-Cut or anything pertaining to the profession.

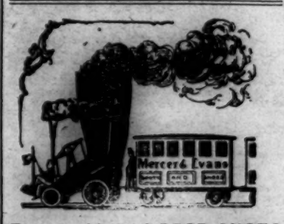
Respectfully,
je 1 tf A. PREMPERT.

MILLING CORN.

1200 bushels White Corn.
715 bushels Mixed Corn.
425 bales Best Hay.
275 bales No. 2 Hay.
340 bushels Oats.
200 bags Wheat Bran.
115 boxes D. S. Sides.
40 boxes Plates.
25 cases Shoulders.
10 boxes Fancy Lemons.
300 bags Va. Meal.
450 bags City Meal.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
je 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS



For any kind of GOOD SHOES Call on Us.

We can generally suit even the most fastidious customer.

Be sure and see the "JENNERS MILLER" at $3.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 3.00
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00

These are the BEST SHOES MADE, at the prices, for Ladies' wear.

The W. L. Douglas Gent's Fine Shoes are Beauties." Try them also.

Fresh supplies constantly arriving.

MERCER & EVANS.
apr 18 tf

The Murchison National Bank.

Capital $200,000.

Our Business Keeps on Growing,

But We are Prepared for All That Comes.

WILL SERVE YOU

Promptly, Accurately, Safely.

We buy and sell Foreign Exchange, and furnish Letters of Credit available all over the world.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
apr 29 tf

To Dealers Only.

We are Commission Merchants for the sale of Grain, Provisions, Lard, Flours, all shipped us direct from packers and millers. It therefore stands reasonable that we should save you at least one profit less than you could buy from others. As we are first handlers—no profits between us and the packer—a wide awake dealer knows that a small margin of profit brings them trade, and it is very necessary that he must know or get left in the race if he fails to do so, hence he buys his goods from the leading source of supply, and we have that reputation and opportunities have not been neglected, hence our success. We are not in the old "Rut." We sell no low quality goods but give best quality at prices lower than others can figure things cost. We ask the retailers to consider their own interest as our success enables us to give him still closer prices when largely patronized. So take an interest in us and let us promptly go forward to a grand success. Correspond with us.

VOLLERS & HASHAGAN,
my 14 tf Nutt St. A. C. L. Line Crossing.

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, BOAT LEAVES

For Carolina Beach,

9.15 A. M., 3 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 1 P. M., 6 P. M.
Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M. Leaves Beach, 12.30 and 6 P. M.

For Southport,

boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leaves Southport, 6.30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.
Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.

J. W. HARPER, Manager.
my 30 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,

the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.30 A. M.
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.

Every Friday night, on account of Club dances, the 7.15 P. M. train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.

Freight will be carried only on the 10.10 A. M. and 5.00 P. M. trains, except fresh meats, ice and vegetables, which will be taken on the 6.30 trains. No goods will be received unless accompanied by way bills and freight prepaid. No exceptions will be made to these rules.

my 31 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

The Necessity For Medicines

furnishes its own reminder, but we would like to suggest in passing, that when any such unfortunate need occurs there is no place in town where it can be supplied with more promptness, skill, accuracy, or with a higher class of drugs and chemicals than at our place.

JAS. D. NUTT,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.
my 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

N. P. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

No. 17 South Front Street.

SPRING CLEANING—My guarantee that your Hair and Moss is PICKED, not simply shook up and put back, and that YOUR Hair and Moss is not "kept" and worthless stuff substituted is something for you to consider BEFORE giving your work to Tom, Dick and Harry

In addition to regular business hours open Mondays and Thursdays till 8.30 P. M.
my 2 tf

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved
ma 19 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.35 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON. N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1899.

ASSAILING THE TRUSTS.

Some time ago Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, in an interview in Cleveland, Ohio, said that the trusts would not be an issue in the next Presidential campaign because the Republican party in its next national convention would take position against them, put an anti-trust plank in its platform, and thus forestall the Democratic party and leave no issue for it to make on that question, which, in other words, meant that the Republican politicians proposed to steal Democratic thunder and pose as the enemies of the trusts.

Of course everybody with two grains of sense understands this and sees through the trick, but it will not work for the trusts are already an issue and a very live one, so live that the leading Republican papers devote numerous editorials to them and the ways to curb them, and prominent Republicans are dissecting them in articles in the newspapers. Ex-Governor Cumback, of Indiana, thinks them such a colossal evil that he wants Congress to be assembled as soon as possible and devote itself to the task of suppressing them. He talks through the Indianapolis *Journal*, like a man who is in downright earnest, or thoroughly scared, thus:

Congress should be called in extra session at once and every article that only manufactured by a trust should be taken off of the protected list and put on the free list. This would go a long way to stop this trust evil. When capitalists combine to cut down wages and strangle competition and create a monopoly and compel the people to buy of them at any price they in their greed may fix on their goods, then, if American competition is not a possibility, let the goods of other nations be brought in free from duty and smash the fraudulent 'combine.' A trust organized for robbery is entitled to no protection. We have a protective tariff, the purposes of which are to enable this country to manufacture its own goods and thus be independent of other nations in this regard and also to pay good living wages to the workers in the factories. The history of the country shows abundantly and conclusively that our protective policy is essential to the happiness and prosperity of our people. Hard times, financial panics, idleness and want have been and always are the sure attendants of free trade. But concentrated wealth should not be permitted to take advantage of the fostering care of the government and by preventing competition have this chance to rob the people. In the comparatively few instances where these combinations get absolutely the control of the market I think that putting their goods on the free list would break up the business and hinder further attempts to create these mercenary trusts. Most of these trusts will be very short lived. They are organized with a great flourish of trumpets—so many millions of preferred stock and so many more millions of common stock and large promises that a good big dividend will be paid on the stock. Money is borrowed to make the first dividend large, the watered and worthless stock is unloaded on the unsuspecting and the real mission of the trust is accomplished. The whole scheme is conceived in sin and brought forth in iniquity. Nobody is seriously hurt but the suckers and mulletheads who purchased the worthless trash. But when they can, as in some instances they do, get a corner and hold it on goods that the people must have and then make the consumer pay three times the value, then every body is being plundered. The government cannot afford, directly or indirectly, to give any sort of aid to this organized rascality nor permit if it i t can be prevented.

"Another serious aspect of the situation is that these abnormal conditions add to and complicate the labor troubles. There ought at all times to be the most intimate relations between the employer and those in his service. Whenever it is practical they ought to meet often and personally know each other. When these closer relations exist strikes are not apt to occur. But with a trust with headquarters in New York and the factories scattered from Maine to California, when complaints are made to a superintendent the complaint must go to headquarters to be decided by some one who has about the same regard for a workingman whom he has never seen as he has for one of the cogs in a wheel of the factory. The trust puts the men on half time or closes the factories without any consideration of the condition of the employed. It is a heartless corporation to which no appeal for mercy or justice can be made. Its cruelty and inhumanity too often excite men to rebellion and anarchy. This gigantic evil is growing at a fearful rate. The passing away of the hard times and the return of prosperity, bringing with it a plethora of money, has awakened a mercenary spirit that seems to know no bounds of justice or decency. It will be more easy to control it this year than the next. If we have no Congress until the regular session in December it will be at least a year before any remedy can be applied. Next year the Presidential election will so engross Congress that the chances for wise legislation will be greatly lessened. Let Congress meet now and give the country such legislation as will protect the people and save the character of the nation."

It will be seen from this that, although the writer believes in a protective tariff, he confesses that protection is the fosterer of the trusts, and that to get rid of the trusts we must get rid of the protection that makes them possible and fosters them. In this he but echoes the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*, the New York *Tribune*, the Chicago *Times-Herald*, the St. Paul *Pioneer-Press*, the Cleveland *Leader*, and other leading Republican papers, all of which demanded that before the ex-Governor blew his horn.

But is the Republican party, although it may inject into its national platform an anti-trust plank, equal to that task?" Can or dare a Republican Congress abolish the protection to which it has been committed, thus confess that they blundered in passing that kind of legislation, and thus also give offence to the men whose money elected McKinley and whose money they may find quite as necessary to elect him again? The platform makers may go so far as to place an anti-trust plank in their platform, which may be read several different ways, and do this with a full understanding with the gentlemen who run trusts, an understanding that it is merely a tub thrown to the whale, some buncombe to fool the people, which will never be resurrected after the election, but when it comes to convening Congress and getting that Congress to adopt any restrictive measures, such as suggested, before the next election that is quite a different matter. They will never do it. They will take their chances on humbugging the people or run the risk of defeat first rather than thus array themselves openly and uncompromisingly against the men who put the party in power at the last election and on whom they largely depend to keep it in power.

But it is a very serious condition that confronts them, for whether Congress meet in extra session or not it will meet in regular session before another election, and having full power in both Houses and a President to co-operate with the majority, if they fail to adopt some remedial legislation they must face the people and the consequences and answer why they have failed. The tariff will not be the strictly party question it has been, for the Republican papers we have named above, and others, have been going into Republican households and been educating their people to the enormity of the trusts, and also as to, the main cause of their existence, namely, the protective tariff, and their teachings have been emphasized by such Republicans as Senator Chandler, Senator-elect Depew, ex-Senator Ingalls, Attorney General Mouett, of Ohio, ex-Governor Cumback and others, who already recognize that the trust is not the party question it was, and that it is not only to be a live issue in the next Presidential campaign, but is already one. They can't down it, nor hide it by other issues, nor dodge it by buncombe platform planks, or pretences at legislation which they have no idea of enacting. It took them too long to get a move on them.

NARROWLY ESCAPED A TURN DOWN.

It is said that Admiral Dewey will tarry long enough on his way home to visit Athens and pay his respects to his namesake George, King of Greece. When he gets home one of the first men he pays his respects to should be Senator Proctor, of Vermont, to whom he is indebted for an escape from a turn down which would forever have prevented him from being the looming hero he is to-day, that is if there be any truth in the story telegraphed from Washington to the Chicago *Tribune*, the substance of which is that the then Commodore Dewey, who had been on shore duty for ten years, applied just before Christmas, in 1897, for the command of the Asiatic squadron. But the friends of Commodore Watson had brought presence to bear in his interest and although he was five numbers below Dewey Secretary Long had decided to name him and let Dewey remain where he was until he was retired on the age limit.

Senator Proctor happened to be in Washington and accidentally hearing this hastened forthwith to the President and made such a strong plea for Dewey that the President wrote a note to Secretary Long, instructing him to appoint Dewey, and thus Dewey was saved and the Manila hero in time took his place in history. A narrow escape for George, and perhaps also a narrow escape for this country, for there is no telling how Watson might have Sampsonized things if he, instead of Dewey, had been in those waters. On this statement, Admiral Dewey owes one to Senator Proctor.

A writer in the Philadelphia *Press* is informing his readers on the way to spend $150,000,000, when not one of them has that much to spend and he never spent that much in his life. Those Philadelphia editors can't fool people.

GEORGIA MARBLE.

The Atlanta *Journal* of Monday contains an interesting editorial on the marble industry of Georgia and the high regard in which marble from her quarries is held in the several States to which it has been shipped, and where it has been used for building and ornamental purposes. It is being used in the erection of a $3,000,000 capitol for the State of Minnesota, and also in the capitol for the State of Rhode Island, a State which abounds in fine building and ornamental stones.

Large quantities of it have been shipped to Boston, New York, Philadelphia and other Northern cities to be used in the construction of handsome private residences and business houses. And yet the business of quarrying this marble is still in its infancy. Georgia now leads all the other States in the production of marble, save Vermont, and the indications are that she will soon lead that State. The supply is practically inexhaustible, while the varieties are numerous, and many of them of the very finest quality.

There are several other Southern States in which marble is found in great abundance, one of which is North Carolina, in the southwestern corner of which there are immense deposits, of various kinds, and many colors. There are said to be forty or more different varieties in Cherokee county alone, and yet as far as we know, there has been no marble quarried in that county. In Stokes county, between Greensboro and and Mount Airy, close to the railroad, is the Bowler Jack deposit, a beautiful white marble, which has never been used for anything we know of except burning for lime. Mount Airy granite seems to be in demand, and the probabilities are that this marble would be too, if some active man or company took hold of it and made some effort to bring it to the attention of the public.

SENSIBLE TALK.

There was a meeting in one of the colored churches in Philadelphia a few nights ago to protest against lynch law in the South. It was called a "mass meeting of citizens," but it was a negro affair, but few white people being present. One of the speakers was H. P. Cheatham, formerly a Congressman from this State, but now Register of Deeds for the District of Columbia, who made a very conservative and sensible speech, if we may judge from the following reference to it which we find in the *Times*:

"After making refence to many of the dangers which confront both races in this country, Mr. Cheatham said: 'For the South, with all its faults, I have in my heart a lofty affection. It is the land of my birth, the only home I have ever known. The situation there is dark and gloomy, made so by an occasional lynching and other outrages which I abhor and denounce. But there is a brighter side that seems as a gleaming rift in the cloud. I would not do that section justice if I failed to inscribe upon honor's scroll the thousands of native Southern white men whose hearts beat in earnest sympathy for all that concerns the welfare and highest interest of our people.

"The negro must continue to educate. The first mission of education is to impress the dignity of faithful and conscientious labor. The negro must agitate and enlist the sympathies of all friends of law; he must avoid incendiary speeches, ill-considered actions and must exert himself to put down crime, whether committed by negro or some one else. Let it be said that while the black man will not be a party to the summary punishment of an unconvicted prisoner, a black jury will as quickly return a verdict of guilty against one of his own race as an honest white jury, if the evidence warrants conviction."

The advice given in this to the negroes is in line with that given by Booker T. Washington and other friends of the race and is eminently sensible. Let them follow it, work to gain the good will, respect and confidence of the white people with whom they come into contact, co-operate with the friends of law and order in preventing crime and in punishing it when detected, give selfish demagogues and fool counsellors a wide berth and let the wayward and vicious negro understand that when he turns his back on decency, honesty and respect for law and order they will turn their backs on him. When that day comes and this becomes the order among the negroes of the South we will hear very little of lynch law and the protestors will have no further occasion for their frenzied oratory.

Some mean Republican editors want to punish and persecute Edward Atkinson by subjecting him to the letter chain ordeal. Some so-called civilized men are born savages.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Wilmington, Fifth Street, 11 A. M., June 4.
Wilmington, Market Street, night, June 4.
Magnolia, Providence, June 10-11.
Burgaw, Herring's Chapel, June 17-18.
Southport, (District Conference), June 21-25.
Brunswick, Shallotte, July 8-9
Waccamaw, Zion, July 15-16.
Whiteville, Fair Bluff, July 18.
R. F. BUMPAS, Presiding Elder.

WE GIVE NO REWARDS, an offer of this kind is the meanest of deceptions. Our plan is to give every one a chance to try the merit of Ely's Cream Balm—the original Balm for the cure of Catarrh, Hay Fever and Cold in the Head, by mailing for 10 cents a trial size to test its curative powers. We mail the 50 cent size also and the druggist keeps it. Test it and you are sure to continue the treatment. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York.

BOOK NOTICES.

The Bookman for June presents a choice list of contents, which the literary reader will enjoy and the general reader be much interested in. The personal sketches of prominent writers, actors and others are nicely illustrated. Published by Dodd, Mead & Co., Fifth avenue and Twenty-first street, New York.

The June number of *The Atlantic Monthly* contains about twenty articles, embracing a wide range of subjects and all either entertaining or instructive and some both. This is one of the publications that may always be read with profit. Published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., No. 11 East Seventeenth Street, New York.

The reader will enjoy the June number of *The Century*, which is very interesting and handsomely illustrated, fine illustrations being one of the noticeable features of this publication. Among other entertaining articles is one on "Niagara," splendidly illustrated; another on "Alexander's Mightiest Battle," and one by Sherman on "The Franco Prussian Battlefields," which military men especially will be interested in. The article on "Tramps," by Josiah Flynt, throws considerable light on the tramp problem. Published by the Century Company, Union Square, New York.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Statesville *Landmark*: Mooresville is to have another cotton mill. Mr. E. W. Brawley is soliciting subscriptions for the enterprise. He began work yesterday and in one day secured between $30,000 and $40,000.

— Greenville *Reflector*: Dr. Jesse P. Brown died at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon at his residence on Pitt street. The deceased was born in Belvoir township, this county, December 2nd, 1834, making him in his 65th year at the time of his death. He was the first commissioned surgeon in the Army of Virginia.

— Wilson *News*: After the ending of the coroner's inquest Monday afternoon, Policeman George Mumford was put on trial for the killing of Tom Matthews, the negro who was shot while trying to escape arrest Saturday afternoon. The verdict of the coroner's jury was offered in evidence and after examining fully into the matter the defendant was discharged.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: W. D. Smith, Esq., son of Farquhard Smith and his wife Sallie Slocomb Graddy, died at his home in this county Tuesday morning, aged 66 years. He served in Murchison's fighting company in Third N. C. Cavalry, from this county, during the war and did his duty of course in the trying times of war and since trying times of peace immediately succeeding them; was a county commissioner, and at the time of his death was a member of the State Board of Agriculture.

— Raleigh *Post*: The President's order is more than twelve months behind time here. Both Collector Duncan and Marshal Dockery carried into effect as soon as they went in office the President's order, which was issued Monday last. Collector Duncan was seen last night and asked what changes he would make as a result of the President's civil service order. He stated that he would at once appoint new storekeepers and gaugers in all parts of the district. Democrats will be pushed out. The position pays $2 per day. There are few Democrats in this branch of the revenue service. Collector Duncan has been making temporary appointments for terms of thirty and sixty days in order to avoid violation of the civil service rules. Deputy collectors are taken from the civil service. There are no Democratic deputies in service in this district.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The law class of an Iowa college has just discovered an instance of the passage of half-baked legislation which may react upon the bakers, the Republican party. A year and a half ago the election law was changed. The new law provides that the presidential electors shall be chosen by congressional districts and not by the State at large. As the law stands, the result of the next election will probably give the Democrats two if not three electors. Of course the Republicans never intended any such thing to occur, and they will change the law at the very first opportunity.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— According to a decision recently handed down by a referee in bankruptcy in Western New York, application to a State Court for a receiver by a corporation is a tacit admission of insolvency; and may be made the basis of a petition to a Federal Court to declare such corporation a bankrupt under the provision of the Bankruptcy Act of June, 1898. If this decision should be sustained by the higher Courts, a long time favorite device for the wrecking of corporations will have been rendered practically unavailable and useless.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— It is not surprising that the acknowledgement is made that our force in the Philippines is not large enough. The wonder is that this acknowledgement has no not been made before. It will be necessary to increase our forces largely before the war can be brought to an end. The style of warfare which the Filipinos have adopted makes the task of conquering them doubly difficult. It is to be hoped that, since the work of subjugation has been begun, the necessary increase will be made and the war brought to as speedy an end as possible.—*Portland (Maine) Express, Rep.*

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets.

TWINKLINGS.

— Mrs. Gotrex—"Mabel, dear, are you sure Mr. Woodby loves you for yourself alone?" Mabel—"Yes, I'm sure he does, mamma. He is always so restless when you are in the room."—*Tit Bits.*

— "You have been very good this morning, Willie," said the fond mamma. "Now what reward would you like?" "I would like to be allowed to be naughty all the afternoon."—*Chicago Evening Post.*

— Floating: "Enough champagne is drunk yearly," said the statistical person, "to float the Oregon." "I once floated a $5,000,000 trust," said the promoter, "on only three dozen quarts."—*Detroit Journal.*

— "The proof of the pudding is in the eating, you know." "Yes, but there's so much food adulteration and embalming going on that a fellow had better take the pudding on a general recommendation and not risk the eating."—*Chicago News.*

— Reciprocal—"Yes, sir," remarked the amiable man. "I want to see a complete Anglo-American understand him. I like to see an Englishman come over here and drop his h's once in a while." "Yes," answered the man who has been to Epsom Downs, "and he likes to see us go over there and drop our Xs and Vs."—*Chicago Record.*

— "Tommy, you greedy boy," said a mother to her four-year-old son, "you've eaten every cooky there was on the plate, and I told you to take but one." "Yes, I know you did mamma," replied the little fellow, "but there were three on the plate, and I didn't know which you meant, so I just had to eat 'em all to be sure I'd get the right one."

— Lady—"What do you want 10 cents for?" Beggar—"W'y, I s'pose yer know dat 10 cents is de interest on a thousad dollars fer one day. It is also de interest on $24,000 fer one hour, an' on $1,440,000 fer one minute. I want te go 'round ter Russel Sage an' borry de latter amount fer one minute, an' if he won't let me have it I s'pose I'll have ter blow it in fer booze."—*Judge.*

Silk Made of Gelatin.

A new artificial silk manufactured from gelatin, an invention of Professor J. J. Hummel of Yorkshire college, Leeds, England, has just been submitted to the Swiss silk manufacturers for their judgment. A reservoir containing gelatin in liquid form is kept at such a temperature that the gelatin will not harden. The top of the reservoir contains many small holes through which the gelatin passes in fine streams and is received on an endless band of linen. The gelatin hardens and presents threads of uniform thickness and brilliant surface ready to be wound upon spools.

The whole apparatus is said to require but little attention, the only thing to be looked after being the replacing of full spools with empty ones. One workman can oversee ten of the machines, which will produce about 470,000 yards of thread a day, an amount equal to the silk product of 24,000 cocoons. The threads are wound lightly on drums and submitted to the fumes of formaldehyde in a closed room for several hours, after which they resist water. Coloring matter, if required, is added to the liquid gelatin at the beginning.

A drawback to the usefulness of gelatin threads would be the low degree of firmness, but in combination with real silk or fine linen or cotton thread a durable silk tissue, it is declared, could be produced. The estimated cost of gelatin silk is about $1.15 a pound. Collodion silk costs at present from $2.35 to $2.85 a pound, while natural silk reaches $6.25.—Chicago Record.

The Great Gold Producers.

It will be several months yet before all the returns of the gold output of 1898 are received, but the five leading countries in gold production have been heard from, and their relative standing for the year has been ascertained. For the second time the Transvaal leads the world after having steadily been creeping up on the annual figures of the United States and Australasia. The Transvaal exceeded the United States output in 1897 by $948,600 and in 1898 by $9,176,600. Here are the figures of the five leading gold producing countries for 1898:

Transvaal	$73,476,600
United States	64,200,000
Australia	61,480,722
Russia	25,195,994
Canada	14,100,000

The first three countries contribute about three-fourths of the entire gold production of the world. Our product last year was $6,927,000 greater than that of the year before, but the Transvaal, advancing by leaps and bounds, as it has been doing since 1890, except in the year of demoralization due to the Jameson raid, has surpassed us by over $9,000,000.—New York Sun.

Feeble Minded Persons.

According to Commissioner Wright's latest report, 15 states of the Union are supporting institutions for the care and instruction of feeble minded persons of all ages. The outlay for grounds and buildings for their use is $4,640,000. The annual expenditure for their support is $1,862,000.

As caretakers and teachers 828 persons are employed, and the number of pupils or inmates is 8,177, of whom about 55 per cent are men.

It is not quite safe to assume that all the feeble minded persons in our cities and towns are gathered into public institutions. Years ago, when a similar establishment was proposed in Amsterdam, the objection was raised that it would be a difficult and delicate question to determine who was eligible to admission, but a waggish Dutchman suggested that "by roofing the whole city they would be sure to cover them all."

McCumber a Hustler.

"Senator Elect Porter J. McCumber," says a North Dakota man, "is a hustler, for he struck Dakota in 1889 without a dollar to his name, but chock full of law and determination. He had an office in a shack that hadn't more than $10 worth of lumber in it all told. McCumber, however, buckled down to work in that shanty and gave the fellows with $5 cases just as good and just as much law as the $50 fellows, and it didn't take long for his reputation as a worker to spread from Wahpeton all over the state. He was just the sort of man the Dakotans wanted, for he worked for them day and night just as hard as he worked later when he was after the 'blind pig' proprietors."

Philadelphia Apprentices.

There are places in this city where the old time system of apprenticeship is still in vogue. Employees of the Mercantile library are subject to it. When a boy applies for a position at the library and is accepted, he is compelled to sign articles binding him to faithful service for a term of years. He receives a stated salary weekly, and at the end of his term of service he also receives in a lump sum $9 for every week he has been in the library's service. However, there are very few instances where the boys stay out the full time. It is optional with the management to dismiss an unsatisfactory boy at any time, and as a result not many of them reach the stage where they can receive the benefit of the accumulated sum.—Philadelphia Record.

THE GLASS OF FASHION.

A novelty in millinery is a shirred silk toque.

Biscuit color and white are combined very smartly in some of the new spring costumes.

A cream lace blouse is one of the smart accessories of fashionable dress at the moment.

A toque of tucked white chiffon trimmed with black ostrich feathers and narrow folds of black velvet on the brim is very smart.

The pompadour comb, one of the latest novelties for the hair, is extremely pretty in effect, as it fits in front of the high perched knot rounding in the outline of the pompadour.

A new idea for the tucked silk blouse is the use of colored silk in the stitching. Pale green or blue silk stitching on the tucks of a white taffeta blouse gives it a very novel appearance.

Ruches of mousseline de soie in a variety of pale colors, machine stitched on the edges with silk to match, are one of the novelties in trimming. They are very narrow, are box plaited and are very effective.

Quiet, simple elegance expressed in soft neutral tints is the rule in dress. Pale gray, mastic, dark blue and black are the chic colors for gowns, and there is moderation in everything except elegance and expense.

A trimming for a blue and white foulard is a band of white satin on which are sewed two rows of black velvet arranged in vandykes around the hem. Frills of white edged with velvet may trim the bodice with a vest of cream lace over white chiffon.—New York Sun.

Sorry He Asked.

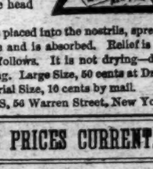
Swell—Why is it that every clown has such a stupid face? Is he obliged to look stupid?

Clown—Certainly. If I had your face, my salary would be doubled at once.—Fun.

The tree known as the "grizzly giant" of California is 275 feet high and no less than 93 feet in circumference.

Tasmania has one of the most wonderful tin mines in the world, called the Mount Bischoff mine.

Nasal CATARRH



In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	5¾
Standard		@	7¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	13¾
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	6½
DRY SALTED			
Sides ℔ ℔		@	5½
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern "	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	12½	@	15
Northern "	20	@	23
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	51	@	55
Virginia Meal	52	@	55
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	90
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11½
Dairy Cream		@	13
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	13	@	16
Rio	7½	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	11	@	12
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔		@	9
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	53
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	52
Oats, from store	40	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	70
Black Eye Peas	1 00	@	1 10
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	70	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	3½
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	5	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogsheads		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	28	@	32
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 05	@	2 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	10 50
Rump		@	10 00
Prime		@	9 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 195 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		@	5¾
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern		@	4
STAVES ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palme		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	5 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	5
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	00
OIL, per B—Unwashed	10	@	18

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 1, 1899

SCHOONERS.

Robert C McQuillan, 440 tons, Hankins, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Jno R Fell, 319 tons, Loveland, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Venetia (Br) 2,333 tons, MacDougal' Heide & Co.

BARGE.

Carrie L Tyler, Jones, 538 tons, Navassa Guano Co.

ECONOMY

How much is your time worth? How much do you value your strength? Is your money worth saving? These questions will all be answered to your entire satisfaction if you use

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

in your cleaning. It will do your work in half the time, with half the labor, and at half the cost of soap or any other cleanser. It will make your housework easy and save you many an hour of worry.

For greatest economy buy our large package.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

CHICAGO ST. LOUIS NEW YORK BOSTON

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 31.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90 cents per bbl for Strained and 95 cents for Good Strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.35 per barrel for Hard, $2.30 for Dip and $2.40 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine dull at 25¼@24¾c; rosin, nothing doing; tar firm at $1.10; crude turpentine quiet at $1.00, $1.60@1.70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	89
Rosin	162
Tar	96
Crude Turpentine	66

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 5⅞c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 7-16 cts.	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4 13-16	" "
Low Middling	5 7-16	" "
Middling	5⅞	" "
Good Middling	6¼	" "

Same day last year middling 6¼c.

Receipts—8 bales.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina Extra prime, 75 to 80c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80 to 84c. Virginia—Extra prime, 55 to 60c; fancy, 60c; Spanish, 82½ to 85c.

CORN—Firm, 50 to 52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to $5.00, seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Money on call steady at 2¼@2¾ per cent., last loan being at 2¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488@488¼ for demand and 485¼@486 for sixty days. Posted rates 486½@487 and 489. Commercial bills 485¼@485½. Silver certificates 61@62. Bar silver 61. Mexican dollars 48½. Government bonds irregular. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds weak. U. S. 2's, registered, 100; U. S. 3's, registered, 100; do. coupon, 109½. U.S. new 4's, registered, 130¾; do.

A HIGH GRADE INSTITUTION FOR YOUNG LADIES

ELIZABETH COLLEGE

MUSIC & ART SPECIALTIES

A refined environment and a kind welcome await you. We have modern conveniences for your greatest comfort. Our building is handsome and elegantly furnished. More, it is fire-proof. Cost of plant, $100,000.00.

A school in the Southland in which every teacher is university bred for from a celebrated American, German or English conservatory. You may elect desired course, group or branch.

STUDENTS ATTEND THEIR OWN CHURCH.

In Western N. C., famous for its fine climate. In the suburbs of a charming and healthful city, altitude 760 ft. A beautiful site of 20 acres. Rates from $250 to $400. For illustrated catalogue address REV. C. B. KING, President, Charlotte, North Carolina.

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BUSINESS LOCALS

IN "THE MORNING STAR"

COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

The Monarch of Strength is

LION COFFEE.

(ABSOLUTELY PURE.)

Its strength comes from its purity. It is all pure coffee, freshly roasted, and is sold only in one-pound sealed packages. Each package will make 40 cups. The package is sealed at the Mills so that the aroma is never weakened. It has a delicious flavor. Incomparable strength. It is a luxury within the reach of all.

Insist on "Lion" Coffee
Never ground nor sold in bulk.
None Genuine without Lion's head.

If your Grocer does not have Lion Coffee in his store, send us his name and address that we may place it on sale there. Do not accept any substitute.

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

1831 Sixty-Ninth Year. 1899

THE Country Gentleman,

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper

INDISPENSABLE TO All Country Residents WHO WISH TO KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES

Single Subscription, $2;

Two Subscriptions, &3.50;
Four Subscriptions, $6.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO RAISERS OF LARGER CLUBS. Write for Particulars on this Point.

Free Till January 1 to New Subscribers for 1899.

It will be seen that the difference between the cost of the COUNTRY GENTLEMAN and that of other agricultural weeklies (none of which even attempts to cover the agricultural *news* of the day) may readily be reduced, by making up a small Club, to

Less Than a Cent a Week!

Does such a difference as that justify you in contenting yourself with some other paper instead of having the best?

SEND FOR SPECIMEN COPIES.

Which will be mailed Free, and compare them with any other rural weekly; it will not take long to see the difference. Address

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
Albany, N. Y.

oc 31 tf

NOTICE ---The Horse and Mule season is never over with me. I've got 'em and lots of 'em. For sale or hire at prices to suit the times. One big pair of five-year old Mules, weight 2,500 pounds. I also call your attention to a lot of one and two-horse Wagons, Cart Wheels, Axles and FOUR-WHEEL DRAYS. Something new; never offered here before.

Call and see me and I'll do business with you.

F. T. MILLS.

apr 26 tf

PEOPLE OF THE DAY.

A dispatch from Berlin states that the celebrated bacteriologist, Professor Robert Koch, is soon to start with an expedition to the tropics for the purpose of continuing his investigations as to the origin and nature of malaria. In 1883 the professor headed the German cholera commission which visited Egypt and India and discovered the so called "comma" cholera bacillus.

Professor Koch has for a long time been making efforts to discover ways of

PROFESSOR ROBERT KOCH.

mitigating tropical fevers, and this expedition is in that line. The reichstag has made a grant of 60,000 marks in aid of the undertaking.

When he returned last year from a similar expedition to the German east African coast, Professor Koch advanced the theory that mosquitoes spread malaria among human beings. He had reached the conclusion that where there were mosquitoes there was also malaria and that where there were no mosquitoes there was no malaria.

Sienkiewicz's Own Language.

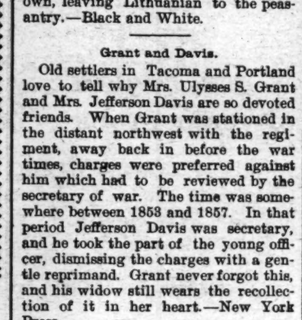
"Quo Vadis," by Sienkiewicz, the Lithuanian novelist, has had a great sale here and in the States, where, in all, 800,000 copies have been sold. Sienkiewicz, although he writes in Polish—viz, in the most literary of all the Slav dialects—is not a Pole, but a Lithuanian, his mother tongue being quite different from Slav languages and having most resemblance to the noble Sanskrit. But, Polish civilization being higher, the better classes of Lithuanians have willingly adopted the language in which one of the greatest epic poets, Adam Mickiewicz, wrote, and for four centuries they have used it as their own, leaving Lithuanian to the peasantry.—Black and White.

Grant and Davis.

Old settlers in Tacoma and Portland love to tell why Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant and Mrs. Jefferson Davis are so devoted friends. When Grant was stationed in the distant northwest with the regiment, away back in before the war times, charges were preferred against him which had to be reviewed by the secretary of war. The time was somewhere between 1853 and 1857. In that period Jefferson Davis was secretary, and he took the part of the young officer, dismissing the charges with a gentle reprimand. Grant never forgot this, and his widow still wears the recollection of it in her heart.—New York Press.

Cardinal Gibbons a Possibility.

The evident approaching dissolution of Pope Leo, which in the most favorable aspect of his condition cannot be an event very long delayed, brings before the public eye prominently our own Cardinal Gibbons, who, if not a probability, is at least a possibility as the successor of the aged pontiff. The sacred college is not a unit on the question of the temporal power of the pope, many of the cardinals being opposed to its restoration. These latter, should they prove strong enough to control the conclave after the death of the present venerable occupant of the chair of St.



CARDINAL GIBBONS.

Peter, might agree upon Cardinal Gibbons as their candidate and succeed in presenting to the world the first American pope. Cardinal Gibbons, it is believed, will undoubtedly take part in the selection of a successor to Pope Leo XIII and will not follow the precedent set by Cardinal McCloskey, who did not go to Rome when Pope Pius IX died.

A Verbal Melee.

Going up on a Cedar avenue car the other night the passengers were much entertained by a verbal spat between a small citizen of German parentage and a tall native. The trouble all originated from the fact that the car was very much crowded so crowded that the two disputants were brought face to face in such close proximity that they couldn't make a gesture.

"Push up a little, can't you?" inquired the tall man in an irritable tone. Several people were pushing him, and his irritability was quite excusable.

"Vell, no, I can't," replied the little man, "and, vat is more, I don't hef to."

"You're not much of a gentleman," said the tall man.

"Oh, I ton't know!" said the little man airily. "Ven I vant an opinion on chentlemen, I go to some fellow vat has got a leetle knowledge of der subjec'."

"You're a very funny boy," said the tall man in a tone of deep sarcasm.

"Vell," said the little man, "I may haf some senses of humor, but I'm not so hart hearted as to laugh at der foolishness of one idiot."

"Do you call me an idiot?" gasped the tall man.

"As long as I ton't know your name," said the little man, "I couldn't make der identification any more gomplete."

Pretty soon the car stopped to let off half a dozen passengers, and when things finally settled down the tall one and the short one were separated by a dozen seats.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Immortality Cranks.

Immortality of fame is something desired by many, but attained by few, says Dr. John Fiske in The Atlantic. Physical immortality is something which has hitherto been supposed to be inexorably denied to human beings. The phase "All men are mortal" figures in textbooks of logic as the truest of truisms. But we have lately been assured that this is a mistake. It is only an induction based upon simple enumeration, and the first man who escapes death will disprove it.

So at least I was told by a very downright person who called on me some years ago with a huge parcel of manuscript, for which he wanted me to find him a publisher. He had been cruelly snubbed and ill used, but truth would surely prevail over bigotry, as in Galilei's case. I took his address and let him leave his manuscript. Its recipe for physical immortality, diluted through 600 pages, was simply to learn how to go without food.

Usually such a regimen will kill you by the fifth day, but if at that critical moment, while at the point of death, you make a heroic effort and stay alive, why, then you will have overcome the king of terrors once for all. I returned the gentleman's manuscript with a polite note, regretting that his line of research was so remote from those to which I was accustomed that I could not give him intelligent aid.

Three Fingered Pitcher.

A three fingered baseball pitcher, and a clever one, too, is one of the remarkable persons engaged in making a livelihood from baseball. He is Clarence Smith and last year pitched for the Newcastle club of the Interstate league, which is one of the most successful of the minor leagues and contains some crack players. Bates, Rosebrough and Street, three pitchers of this league, have been secured by league clubs. Smith has been drafted by the Detroit club of the western league. Smith is the only one of his kind. Baltimore, in Hugh Daily, once had a pitcher who only had one hand, and players who get along without one finger are occasionally heard of, but Smith is the first pitcher to succeed with only three fingers.

Satisfied the Audience.

The young woman on the stage who was submitting to the test suddenly assumed an expression of intense suffering. Her features were rigid and distorted and her eyes fixed on vacancy with a horrible stare.

The hypnotist, alarmed at the manifestations, hastened to remove the spell.

Before doing so, however, he relieved the concern of the audience and secured tumultuous applause as a witness of his successful effort.

"Now," he said with a reassuring smile, "she thinks she is riding a bicycle."—Detroit Free Press.

Shadeless Forests.

Large tracts of dense forests in Australia are practically shadeless. Many kinds of trees in that strange country turn their edges instead of the flat surface of the leaves to the sun, and thus one may stand under a tree of enormous size and be as fully exposed to the sun as though he were in the open plain. Travel through these forests is said to be exceedingly arduous work, as the trees, while they do not cut off the sun, prevent the breeze from reaching the ground, and thus the traveler experiences a stifling heat.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Juto has been used in clothmaking in Bengal for 3,700 years.

Somebody calculates that 1,000 tons of soot settle on 118 square miles of London territory every month.

In London a paving stone which weighed 500 pounds and which was wedged in on all sides by other stones was lifted up by a mushroom.

The Michigan Presbyterian says that five ministers of the Detroit Presbytery have recently left the ministry to go into other callings and four others are likely to do so very soon.

Nearly all the cotton raised in Egypt is sent to England. Factories do not flourish there on account of the dust and the excessively dry air. In the few which are in operation the spinners have to work from 6 a. m. to 10 p. m. for the small sum of 15 and 20 cents.

Under the workings of a new rule the policemen of Boston are receiving instructions in the law. Every week a number of legal questions pertaining to matters which come under their daily observation are propounded to them, and this system of examinations is believed to have greatly improved the efficiency of the force.

PITH AND POINT.

Love and coins are sometimes tested by the ring.

A man is apt to drink mineral water when he fells rocky.

In politics and courtship a third party is usually undesirable.

It's probably the loudness of his apparel that makes the howling swell.

Experience teaches people a lot of things they would rather not know.

The tongue is about the only muzzle loading weapon that hasn't been discarded.

The doormat may not be a thing of beauty, but it always gets there with both feet.

When a man gets into trouble, the majority of those who call to sympathize with him are only after the particulars.

The better half of the family never knows quite as much about how the other half lives as she would like to know.—Chicago News.

Some Women Doubt

Many women think the bearing of children is a necessary period of great pain and distress. They doubt whether any medicine can relieve their sufferings. Well may they hesitate about taking those injurious internal mixtures so widely sold. But they may place implicit faith in

MOTHER'S FRIEND

which is a softening, relaxing and soothing liniment for external use. Doubting women should get a bottle at the drug store for $1, and test it. There is no possibility of its doing harm, and there is every likelihood of its saving them many hours of pain.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

"They fit the feet as nature intended."

Stylish Young Ladies

—will be just as much pleased with the perfect fit, and the graceful stylish shape of the famous

"JENNESS MILLER" SHOES

as are the middle aged and elderly folks.

They are the most fashionable and sensible Shoes on the market to-day!

$3.50 Pr.

We are Sole Agents for "Jenness Miller" Shoes for this city.

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98.

The above figures tell a remarkable story; they represent almost exactly the percentage of CURES made by

RHEUMACIDE,

the wonderful new constitutional cure for RHEUMATISM. The other two per cent. were not curable, or failed to take medicine according to directions. Thousands have been cured. In view of the fact that many physicians think that rheumatism is incurable, and that most remedies fail, it must be true that RHEUMACIDE is the greatest medical discovery of the age. Particulars and testimonials of many well known people sent free to all applicants.

Manufactured by
THE BOBBITT DRUG CO.,
Raleigh, N. C.

Sold wholesale and retail in Wilmington by R. R. BELLAMY.

By Druggists generally at $1.00 per bottle.
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SEABOARD AIR LINE — SAL

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 5:56 P. M., Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:35 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:35 P. M., and Atlanta 5:30 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 6:40 A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:40 A. M., Sanford 9:32 A. M., Raleigh 11:18 A. M., Weldon 3:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9:06 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 6:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:53 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 3:50 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:30 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:15 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7:40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 9:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 5:20 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to
THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. ja 10 tf

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Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK,
WILMINGTON, N. C.,
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.
Lines.

New York for Wilmington.
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, May 20
GEO. W. CLYDE ..... Saturday, May 27

Wilmington for New York.
GEO. W. CLYDE ..... Saturday, May 20
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, May 27

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, May 23
GEO. W. CLYDE ..... Tuesday, May 30

Steamers do not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. my 18 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
5 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 25 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
9 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 54	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No 46		No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 25 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Ar	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
mar 28 tf

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And Every Democrat, Every Republican, Every Man, Woman or Child who can read will want to read it.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK COURIER-JOURNAL is a Democratic paper, of six or eight pages, issued Wednesday and Saturday of each week. The Wednesday issue prints all the Clean News, and the Saturday issue prints Stories, Miscellany, Poetry, all matters of special interest in the home. It is edited by Henry Watterson.

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The Sunday Sun

IS THE GREATEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect April 17, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.05 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53 A. M., Warsaw 11.12 A. M., Goldsboro 12.30 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.35 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.46 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.28 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.55 A. M., Richmond 3.29 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.35 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.00 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.37 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York 9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.59 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 9.45 A. M No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.00 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.45 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 5.45 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 6.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.30 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.55 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.53 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.08 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.58 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.30 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 2.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.00 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.22 A. M.; 5.32 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 10.50 A. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrive Latta 10.24 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.06 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.35 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.15 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Aartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.20 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1.08 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.52 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.39 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leave Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

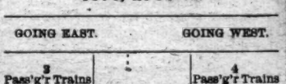
Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
apr 18 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST.		STATIONS.	GOING WEST.	
3 Pass'g'r Trains			4 Pass'g'r Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro.....	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston.....	10 13	.....
5 32	5 45	Newbern.....	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City.	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

NOW is the time To make your deposits IN THE Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.

JUNE FIRST IS THE BEGINNING OF OUR NEXT INTEREST PAYING QUARTER. ALL DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE THAT DATE

Begin to draw interest at rate of FOUR PER CENT.

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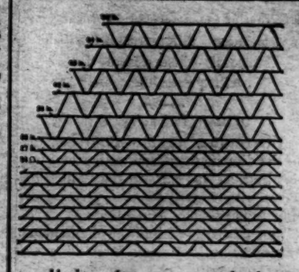

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WRITE US FOR PRICES.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

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SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR AN

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LOCATION THE MOST ELIGIBLE IN THE THUCK REGION OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Entire Plant of the

INDUSTRIAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

Wilmington, N. C.,

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING of three Brick Buildings, with all necessary adjuncts, One Hundred Horse-power Engine, Two Boilers, Shafting, Pulleys, Veneer Machinery and Butter-dish Dies, Basket and Crate Machinery and Shapes, Automatic Saw Mill, Rip Saws, Band-Saws and Cut-Off Saws. Also, a Brand new Planer, costing $000.

In fact, all necessary machinery for the successful manufacture of Sweet-gum Butter Dishes, Berry Baskets, Vegetable Crates, Barrels, and Packages of every kind. Modern Dry Kiln in connection. Also, a Boston Blower.

This property has a river front and wharf of 100 feet, with railroad track running into the yard.

There is an inexhaustible supply of gum and raw materials for miles in every direction tributary to this factory, and to be had at a nominal sum. The machinery is all practically new, and the owners will either sell everything outright on easy terms or will take stock in a company for the operation of this plant. This property is valuable in many respects and is capable of being converted into almost any kind of a manufactory. Freight rates to all commercial centres of the interior and coastwise cities very favorable to this point.

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WILMINGTON, N. C.

Time Proves All Things.

TEN YEARS ago the Racket Store of Wilmington was only a small shop, with a handful of big values. With push, pluck and the trade winning prices the old Racket Store of the city of Wilmington to-day heads the list and claims to be the leading Dry Goods store of the people in the State, selling more bargains and better bargains than can be found elsewhere.

We buy for cash, save all discounts and give that discount to our customers in nice valuable lines.

We give to all our customers a card, and when they trade $5.00 we will give them a nice set of Glassware; when they trade $10.00 we will give them a set of China Plates or have their Pictures Enlarged free; for $15.00 purchase we will give them a nice Oak Centre Table or a handsome Wall Rack, a set of China Cups and Saucers, a nice Canvas Hammock or a nice Ladies' Rocking Chair; for a $25.00 purchase we will give an Arm Rocking Chair, a large Oak Centre Table, a handsome Music Stand and Rack, or a nice Oak Book Case; for a $50.00 purchase we will give a very nice Oak Writing Desk, or a stand

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1899.

NICARAGUAN CANAL COMMISSION'S REPORT.

Estimated That a Canal Can be Built for $118,113,790 On the Route Recommended.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The State Department to day made public an official abstract of the report of the Nicaraguan Canal Commission, as presented by Admiral Walker, the head of the commission. The synopsis says:

"The commission made a careful study of all data bearing upon the Nicaraguan Canal question and organized a large force.

"Much delay to the work and great annoyance to working parties was caused by attempts at revolution and by the strained relations between the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica. The outbreak of the war between the United States and Spain was also a serious matter.

"The report goes into minute details in respect to all questions connected with the construction of the canal, and says after mature deliberation the commission has adopted and estimated for the route from Brito to Lake Nicaragua, called Child's route, and from the lake to Greytown, called Lull route. This line leaving Brito follows the left bank of the Rio Grande to near Beuno Retiro, crosses the western divide to the valley of the La Jas, which it follows to Lake Nicaragua. Crossing the lake to the head of the San Juan river it follows the upper river to near Boca San Carlos, thence in excavation by the left bank of the river to the San Juanillo and across the low country to Greytown, passing to the northward of Lake Silico. It requires but a single dam with regulating works at both ends of the summit level. The surveys have in general revealed better physical conditions than were hitherto supposed to exist, especially as to the amount of rock in the upper river, whereby it is possible to greatly reduce the estimated cost of construction.

"To determine the proper unit prices for excavation, the average of prices actually paid to contractors on the Chicago drainage canal, which represent cost of plant, prices paid for work done, and contractors' profits, were taken. To these prices certain percentages were added for the difference in location, climate, etc."

"In obtaining the estimates for the cost of locks, the prices actually paid for building the government locks at Sault Ste. Marie were taken and 34 per cent. was added for the difference of location.

"After giving due weight to all the elements of this important question, and with an earnest desire to reach logical conclusions, based upon substantial facts, the commission believes that a canal can be built across the isthmus on this route for not exceeding $118,113,790."

Colonel Haines concurs generally with the views of the other members of the commission, but his estimate of the cost is $134,818,308.

YELLOW FEVER SCARE.

The Fatal Case at New Orleans—Precautionary Measures of the Marine Hospital Service.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., May 31.—Miss Grillo, aged 17 years, living on Royal street, was reported on Saturday by her physician as being ill with symptoms of yellow fever. Miss Grillo died Sunday afternoon. An autopsy was held, the result of which was laid before experts, who reached the conclusion that the case presented evidences of yellow fever.

Under an agreement with several boards of health, the finding of the experts was telegraphed to them; also, the fact that there was no other case in New Orleans in any way suspicious.

Precautionary Measures.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service has received confirmation of the development of a case of yellow fever in New Orleans, but no additional information has come to him. As precautionary measures he has ordered Dr. Van Esdorf, of his force, to return to New Orleans and has also given directions to Doctors Carter and Murray to repair there. Dr. Murray goes to consult with Dr. Sucheon, of the State health board, and Dr. Carter goes from Cuba, having almost completed the duties assigned him there. Dr. Van Esdorf makes his headquarters in New Orleans, but is at present absent from the city on an inspecting tour.

Alabama Health Officers.

MOBILE, ALA., May 31.—State Health Officer Sanders, who went to New Orleans on receipt of the news of the Grillo case of yellow fever, has made no public report, but it is officially known that he approves of the measures taken in New Orleans to guard against the spread of the disease and apprehends no danger from that source. It is believed Alabama will not quarantine and the local authorities are following out the Atlanta agreement not to quarantine on a sporadic case.

GEORGIA RAILROADS.

Proceedings to be Instituted Against the Central for Violation of the Constitution in Defeating Competition.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., May 31.—Governor Candler announced to-day that the State of Georgia would proceed against the Central of Georgia Railroad Company for violation of the constitution in defeating competition. A suit will be brought in behalf of the people of Eatonton, who assert that the Central of Georgia railroad, in acquiring by purchase the Middle Georgia and Atlantic, running from Irvington to Milledgeville, has violated a cardinal principle of the constitution. It is probable the first step to be taken by the State will be an application for an injunction restraining the Central from operating the line formerly owned by the Georgia and Atlantic. Should such an application be granted the direction of the road will be left in the hands of the court.

THE MODERN BEAUTY.

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

AMERICAN SCHEME FOR ARBITRATION.

Unanimously Recommended by Committee to the Peace Conference.

PARTISANS OF PEACE VICTORY

The Text of the American Proposals for Arbitration—Differs from the British Proposals—Disarmament Committee Failed to Agree.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

THE HAGUE, May 31.—Both sessions of the disarmament committee met today and, as was anticipated, failed to agree with regard to the question of new inventions of armaments.

The drafting committee of the arbitration committee made some advance this afternoon. The American delegates submitted their scheme relating to an arbitration tribunal. The plan differs from the British proposal. It provides that each country shall appoint a single arbitrator, to be selected by the supreme courts of the signatory powers. The tribunal shall have a permanent central seat and be composed of at least three judges, who shall not be natives or residents of countries belonging to the powers in disaccord.

The general expenses shall be shared proportionately. In the event of new facts arising within three months of a decision, the same tribunal shall have power to try again the questions in dispute.

Recourse to the tribunal shall be optional for the signatory powers. The tribunal shall not take cognizance of any dispute until assured that the parties concerned will accept its decision.

The convention shall come into force and the tribunal be established when nine powers, eight of whom shall be European or American, and four of whom shall be signatories to the declaration of Paris, 1855, shall have adhered to the convention.

Apart from the above project, the Americans proposed a special scheme of mediation, providing that in the event of a difference arising between the two powers, each shall choose another power to act as its second. The powers thus selected shall do all they can to reconcile the opponents. These seconding powers shall, even when war has broken out, continue their efforts with a view to ending hostilities as soon as possible.

American Proposals.

The text of the American arbitration proposals is as follows:

Resolved, That in order to aid in the prevention of armed conflicts by pacific means, the representatives of the sovereign powers assembled together in this conference be and they hereby are requested to propose to their respective governments a series of negotiations for the adoption of a general treaty, having for its object the following plan, with such modifications as may be essential to secure the adhesion of at least nine sovereign powers, four of whom at least shall have been signatories of the declaration of Paris, the German empire being, for this purpose, the successor of Prussia, and the kingdom of Italy the successor of Sardinia.

Article 1. The tribunal shall be composed of persons nominated on account of their personal integrity and learning in international law by a majority of the highest courts at the time existing in each of the adhering states, one from each sovereign state participating in the treaty, and shall hold office until their successors are nominated by the same body and duly appointed.

Article 2. The tribunal shall meet for organization at a time and place to be agreed upon by the several governments, but not later than six months after the general treaty shall be ratified by the nine powers as hereinbefore proposed and shall organize itself by the appointment of a permanent clerk and such other officers as may be found necessary, but without conferring any distinction upon its own members. The tribunal shall be empowered to fix its place of session and to change the same from time to time, as the interests of justice or the convenience of litigants may seem to require, and to fix its own rules of procedure.

Article 3. The tribunal shall be of permanent character and shall be always open for the filing of new cases, subject to its own rules of procedure, eitner by the contracting nations or by others that may choose to submit them; and all cases, and counter cases, with the testimony and arguments by which they are to be supported or answered, are to be in writing or print. All cases, counter cases, evidence, arguments or opinions in expressing judgment, are to be accessible after decision is rendered to all who desire them, and who pay the necessary charges of transcription.

Article 4. Any and all questions of disagreement may by mutual consent be submitted to the nation concerned to this international tribunal for decision; but every such submission shall be accompanied by an undertaking to accept the award.

Article 5. The bench of judges for each particular case shall consist of as many as may be agreed upon by the litigating nations—either of the entire bench or of any smaller number not less than three to be chosen from the whole court. In the event of a bench of three judges only, no one of these shall be a native subject or citizen of a state whose interests are in litigation in the case.

Article 6. The general expenses of the tribunal are to be equally divided upon some equitable bases between the adherent powers; but those arising from each particular case shall be provided for as may be directed by the tribunal. The presentation of a case where one or both parties may be a non-adherent state shall be admitted only upon condition of mutual agreement that the states so litigating shall pay respectively a sum to be fixed by the tribunal for expenses of adjudication. The salaries of the judges may be so adjusted as to be paid only when they are actually engaged in the duties of the court.

Article 7. Every litigant before the international tribunal shall have the right to a re-hearing of the case before the same judges, within three months after notification of the decision, on alleging newly discovered evidence or submitting questions of law not heard and decided at the former hearing.

Article 8. This treaty shall become imperative when nine sovereign states, such as are indicated in the resolution, shall have ratified its provisions.

The American Scheme Endorsed.

LONDON, June 1.—The special dispatches from The Hague to the London morning papers agree that the American scheme meets with much favor as being eminently practical.

According to the correspondent of the *Daily News* the arbitration committee has unanimously recommended the American scheme to the conference. The correspondent of the *Daily News* adds: "This is a speedy and brilliant victory for the partisans of peace, as nobody doubts that the conference will ratify the unanimous vote of the committee."

OHIO VALLEY LEAGUE OF BIMETALLIC CLUBS.

Great Gathering of Democrats in Louisville—Bryan Endorsed for Presidential Nominee in 1900.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, May 31.—The Ohio Valley League of Bimetallic Clubs, comprising the States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Kentucky, is holding its third annual convention in this city. McCauley's Theatre, the scene of the gathering, was profusely decorated when the convention was called to order at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon. When President Tarvin, of the Bimetallic League delivered his annual address, perhaps six thousand people were in the theatre. Mayor Weaver, of Louisville, extended a welcome to the visiting delegates and told them that their work would be well done if they indorsed Bryan for President in 1900. J. P. Tarvin's remarks were received at times with the greatest enthusiasm, any reference to a reaffirmation of the Chicago platform or an indorsement of William J. Bryan as the Presidential nominee being the signal for vociferously applauded.

At the evening session President Tarvin introduced Flavius J. Van Vorhis, of Indianapolis, a former Republican, who said bimetallism, as opposed to monometallism, is the true salvation and the basis on which the great political and economic questions will be settled.

Ex-Governor J. P. Altgeld, of Illinois, was presented. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed when the Illinois stateman arose to address the convention, the delegates rising to their feet, waving hats and cheering lustily. He spoke in part as follows:

"The evils that result from the gold standard have not been exaggerated or overstated. Time has sustained the bimetallist, and that man makes a fatal mistake who thinks that the American people are ready to abandon this cause, and inasmuch as the abandonment of the ratio practically amounts to the abandonment of the cause, that politician makes a fatal mistake who thinks that the ratio can be abandoned without disintegrating and destroying the Democratic party. For every score of wealth-worshipping gold Democrats who would be brought to our standard by such an abandonment of principles, ten thousand men of deep convictions would leave us.

"But the money question is not the only great question that confronts us. There is the great question of government by injunction, a system under which a Federal judge, elected to office by corporation influences, strikes down the right of free speech, and with a contemptuous wave of the hand brushes aside the right of trial by jury, that bulwark of English liberty, at the mere request of a corporation agent.

"The temptation offered by corrupt capital being too great for an ordinary man to withstand, it is evident that as long as these temptations are offered they will be effective. By the establishment of the system of 'initiative and referendum' the fruits of bribery could be taken away and thus the inducement to bribe would be destroyed.

"For a quarter of a century both political parties have denounced corporations, trusts and monopolies. Nearly every State in the union has legislated against them. The Federal government his legislated against them, yet in spite of this denunciation, in spite of all this legislation, they have gone on multiplying. The trusts are masters of the situation. They have come to stay and therefore, it is the mission and the duty of the Democratic party to secure the benefit of the monopoly for the people; that means municipal and government ownership of all monopolies which it is practical for a government as yet to control."

While Gov. Altgeld was in the midst of the discourse, Mr. Bryan reached the theatre. After the speeches had been concluded the distinguished visitors repaired to the Galt house, where a banquet of the Young Mens Democratic Club, of Louisville, was given to James Tarvin, the president. To attend this and to respond to the toast "the Democratic party," Mr. Bryan had made a special trip to Louisville two days earlier than he expected.

RUMORS OF REBELLION.

Leader of Cuban Assembly Soliciting Contributions for a Revolutionary Fund.

The Payment of Troops.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, May 31.—The military administration has been informed that a conspicuous leader of the late military assembly recently collected thirty centenes from a wealthy Spanish merchant in this city, representing that it was a contribution to a revolutionary fund. The merchant gave the money on the assurance that it would secure him a favorable status with the possible future government. Then, in order to secure favor with the Americans, he revealed to them what he knew. The extent, design and cause of the proposed rebellion are only known to the Americans through this informant, and whether there is any foundation for the suggestion cannot be ascertained from the merchant, as he was told that nothing would be attempted for several months.

The payment of the Cubans troops continued to-day at Santiago de Las Vagas; 109 men receiving $75 each.

General Eoquerra, commanding the Cubans near Cienfuegos, has secured positions and holdings of land for five hundred of his men, among whom there is a general determination to refuse to accept the American gratuity or to surrender arms.

According to advices from Neuvitas, the third Cuban corps has made a similar decision.

GEN. OTIS' FORCES.

Reinforcements Will be Promptly Furnished If Necessary.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The President to-day declared to a Congressional caller that there was not any present contemplation of largely increasing General Otis' forces in the Philippines. He said that nothing had been received from General Otis which indicated the necessity for more troops beyond the regulars who are to be sent to relieve the retiring volunteers. But the President added that if reinforcements should become necessary they would be promptly sent.

Secretary Alger was with the President for some time discussing the situation. When he left the White House he denied that General Otis had cabled yesterday that 30,000 troops would be necessary.

The steamer Kinshiu Maru, at Victoria, B. C., brings news of a large fire at Yanagata, Japan. Six hundred houses and eleven shrines and temples were destroyed. A number of lives lost.

TWO AMERICANS MADE PRISONERS.

Officers of the U. S. Hospital Ship Relief Captured by Filipinos.

SAILING A BOAT IN THE BAY.

The Monadnock Sent a Rescuing Party Ashore and Shelled the Beach, But Could Not Recover the Prisoners. A Reign of Terror.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, May 31.—Details regarding the capture by Filipinos of two officers of the United States hospital ship Relief yesterday have just been obtained. The Relief lies in the harbor in front of this city. Third officer Fred Heppy and Assistant Engineer Charles Blandford rigged a sail on one of the ship's boats and went sailing along the shore, on the south, opposite the insurgent lines. The boat came near the shore and some native canoes with Filipinos on board put out and captured the two men, who were unarmed, and also took possession of the boat. The U. S. turret ship Monadnock quickly sent a boat with a landing party ashore, under cover of her guns, and shelled the shore briskly. The natives, however, rushed the prisoners into the woods before the Monadnock's boat reached land. Persons on board several other ships saw the affair through glasses but were unable to prevent the capture of Messrs. Heppy and Blandford.

A Reign of Terror.

Friendly natives arriving here from the country around San Isidro and San Miguel report that a reign of terror has prevailed since the American troops were withdrawn from those parts of the island. The insurgents who are returning there deal vengeance upon those of their country men who have shown any friendship towards the Americans during the latter's occupation of the territory. The friendlies declare that unoffending people are being murdered daily, and that their houses are being burned and their property confiscated.

Plenty of sympathizers with the insurrection remained during the Americans' stay, and they have been reporting these instances of friendliness towards our troops.

The refugees add that the inhabitants were badly oppressed by the native soldiers before the occupation, but that their condition is worse now. Doubtless there is much truth in these reports, though such stories from Filipino sources are always to be modified.

FOUL PLAY FEARED.

The Disappearance of Cashier Benedict of the Athens Exchange Bank.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATHENS, GA., May 31.—Indications in the case of Cashier Benedict, of the Athens Exchange Bank, who disappeared at Greenville, S C., last Tuesday, now point to foul play It has been ascertained that he did not leave Greenville by rail. His valise was brought from Greenville to-day by Chief of Police Culp. From the valise were missing his pistol, money and roller cover samples—such articles as he would have carried on a visit to the Spartanburg mills. The roller cover samples were in a package that might have been mistaken for bank bills. The present theory is that he has been murdered or is temporarily insane.

RAILWAY SURGEONS.

International Convention in Session at Richmond, Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, May 31.—The twelfth annual convention of the international railway surgeons met here this morning. This evening at 8 o'clock the visitors will be tendered an informal reception by the resident physicians.

Saturday morning at 8 o'clock a special train will carry the physicians and their wives to the University of Virginia and the Hot Springs. A number of the strangers will spend Sunday at the springs and proceed on Monday to Columbus, Ohio, to attend the meeting of the American Medical Association, which begins it sessions on June 6th.

TREATMENT OF CONVICTS.

Society of Friends Condemns Practices in Some Southern States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The Religious Society of Friends, at their annual meeting here to-day, directed the following statement to be sent to the Associated Press:

"We desire to reaffirm our testimony that prison discipline should look towards reformation, and that all use of prisoners for the profit of contractors, without regard to their physical or moral welfare, wherever it occurs, deserves our earnest condemnation, and that we know of nothing more deplorable or cruel in the treatment of convicts than is practiced in the chaingangs of some Southern States."

CLOSING EXERCISES.

Union Theological Seminary—Diplomas Awarded to Fifteen Graduates.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., May 31.—The closing exercises of the Union Theological Seminary (Presbyterian) took place this morning in the chapel of the seminary in the presence of the faculty, members of the board of trustees and a large number of visitors. Rev. P. H. Hoge, D. D., of Wilmington, N. C., presented a biography of President Moses Hoge, Rev. J. W. Rosebro, of Petersburg, Va., delivered the address to the graduating class. The diplomas were awarded by Rev. G. W. Finley, D. D., of Fishersville, Va., president of the board of trustees. There are fifteen graduates.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Boston—Cleveland, 10; Boston, 16.

Brooklyn—Louisville, 1; Brooklyn, 7.

New York—Cincinnati, 5; New York, 4.

Philadelphia—Chicago, 6; Philadelphia, 1.

Baltimore—St. Louis, 3; Baltimore, 4.

Washington—Pittsburg, 5; Washington, 1.

BILLS AGAINST THE STATE PENITENTIARY.

Will Aggregate $120,000—The Board of Agriculture — Federal Prisoners. Sheriff Jones' Shortage.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 31.

The committee having in charge the erection of the new annex to the Agricultural building held a meeting today and after discussing plans decided to begin the work at once. It will cost about $20,000.

The executive committee of the Board of Penitentiary Directors are here auditing the bills against that institution. They find that they will aggregate about $120,000.

It is not believed by the penitentiary authorities here that the letter sent out last night from Washington, purporting to come from a Federal prisoner here, is genuine. They do not, however, deny having twice whipped Ben Davis, the convict referred to in the letter, but they say the punishment was just and reasonable. One of the two prisoners said to have escaped was afterwards caught with bloodhounds.

There are now 160 Federal prisoners in the penitentiary here. The attorney general has ordered that no more be sent here. The United States Government pays 25 cents a day for their keep.

At the meeting of the State Board of Agriculture to-morrow, officers will be elected as follows: Immigration Agent, State Chemist, clerical force and fertilizer inspectors. A committee will probably be appointed to say how many of each of the latter are necessary. The immigration agent will be John W. Thompson, of this city. There are many candidates for all the other places.

The county commissioners yesterday made their final settlement with Ex-Sheriff Ham T. Jones and found him $5,218.41 short. The county attorney was directed to bring suit at onec against his bond. He has paid in about $5,000 since the examination of his books began.

U. S. CRUISER PRAIRIE.

Sailed From Southport to Take Virginia Reserves On a Cruise.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

SOUTHPORT, N. C., May 31.—The auxiliary cruiser *Prairie*, Capt. Mackenzie, sailed at 12.40 o'clock this afternoon for Lambert's Point, Va., to coal, and then take the Virginia naval reserves from Norfolk for a week's practice cruise.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Mobile and Birmingham railroad was transferred to the Southern Railway last night on a ninety-nine year lease.

Journeymen plumbers of Norfolk, Va., have been on a partial strike for a week on account of a difference with the Master Plumbers' Association over an apprentice. A general strike will go into effect this morning.

MM. De Rouda and Marcel Habert, who have been on trial before the Assize Court in Paris, on the charge of inciting soldiers to insubordination in connection with the election of President Loudet, were acquitted.

Fun For the Shah.

During the winter months the little colony of 60 or 70 English people at Teheran organize concerts for one another's amusement. There is a dance now and then at the legation, and when the weather is cold of course there is skating. Skating is the greatest marvel of all to the Persians. Some years ago the late shah, Nasr-i-Din, saw 20 skaters twirling and curling and spinning gracefully on the ice. He was amused. He thought it wonderful. The next day he sent to the legation and borrowed a dozen pairs of the skates. These he made his ministers put on and attempt to skate on the lake in the palace grounds. The poor ministers were terribly discomfited, but it was twice as much as their heads were worth to refuse. His majesty was more amused than ever, and he nearly had an apoplectic fit from laughing.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

All those having left anything for repairs in my place will please call and get the same. J. T. Burke, No. 7 South Front street. my 31 3t

Rock Salt, Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 99. my 28 tf

Bananas, Oranges, Lemons, Confections and an extra quality of Up-country Butter just received. All at low prices. A. S. Winstead. my 27 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 9 tf

The Main Point in this advertisement is to let my friends know I am still here, serving them to the best of my ability in selling their products, and giving them the best Groceries at lowest prices. T. D. Love, 24 North Water street. my 27 tf

For Best Prices ship your Lambs, Beef, Cattle and all kinds of produce to M. C. Benson, Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street. ap 16 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

Photographic Notice—I will be out of the city for a while. Reserve your orders for me. Special inducement when I come. U. C. Ellis, Photographer. ma 26 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

Consign Your Chickens, Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to B. B. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington N. C. oc 30 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

no 24 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

With resources of over $1,000,000 we guarantee safety.

Our large facilities afford every accommodation.

Loans made daily give promptness.

A desire to please ensure courteous attention.

With these facts before you we ask for your business.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent.

apr 30 tf

Seed Oats

this year are generally mouldy and unsound. We have

North Carolina R. R. P. Oats tested by ourselves.

Finest Quality and Low Price.

BAGGING AND TIES. Groceries Generally.

The Worth Company.

o 12 tf

Kainit.

Seed Oats, all Kinds.

Seed Potatoes.

GENERAL STOCK GROCERIES.

At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL

s 9 tf

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE FLOUR. RIB SIDES. D. S. PLATES PURE LARD. LARD COMPOUND STAR LYE. MENDELSON'S LYE TOMSON'S LYE. CRACKERS. PIC-NIC CHEESE. SUGAR. COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats. September Mullets.

s 1 tf

Flour! Flour!

1,500 Barrels Flour.
1,600 2nd Hand Machine Casks.
2,000 Bushels Good Milling Corn
1,000 Kegs Nails.
40,000 Lbs. Rib Sides.
2,000 Lbs. West'n Smoked Sh'ld's
75,000 Lbs. Hoop Iron.

Can meet any competition. Get my prices.

D. L. GORE,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

my 28 tf Wilmington, N. C.

RECEIVING TO-DAY.

NEW CROP PORTO RICO AND BARBADOES

MOLASSES.

Lemons! Lemons!

FRESH CHOICE STOCK—FULL 360S.

Portuondo's Chicos Cigars ARE PROVING TO BE TRADE WINNERS.

HALL & PEARSALL,

my 30 tf WHOLSALE GROCERS.

WANTED.

5000 pounds Wool.
5000 pounds Beeswax.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID.

Have some rare bargains in Fire Proof Safes.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market street,

my 13 tf Wilmington, N. C

At The Unlucky Corner

Springfield Hams

Cheaper than anywhere in the State

Why do you buy that doubtful

BUTTER

When you can get my Fox River Clover Hill brand for

25c?

"Nuff Said."

S. W. SANDERS.

BARGAINS! "THERE ARE OTHERS."

my 19 tf

HOTEL BRISTOL.

Fifth Avenue and Forty-second street, New York. One block from Grand Central Depot. Offers rooms in suite or single for the Summe at reduced rates. The coolest location in the city, having 200 feet of unobstructed southern exposure.

JOHN L. CHADWICK, my 7 2m su tu th Proprietor.

RACKET STORE.

Our last week's Advertisement brought buyers to the old VonGlahn Shoe Store

who paid their cash and went away convinced that they had got in the SHOES purchased a dollar's worth of leather for every 33⅓ cents they spent.

BEAR IN MIND

that the chance to buy a FIRST-CLASS SHOE for a FOURTH-CLASS price, is not going to last forever, for the stock is selling faster and faster each day, and will soon be gone, and then you will have to wait until we can buy another Shoe house out at 25c on the dollar, before we can offer you the same bargain that we offer you now.

The most stylish and best qualities of this stock is the part that is left, because the cheaper grades sold fast and furious, and we had no chance to show the finest goods. We are going to sell this week a lot of Ladies' Fine Shoes in Black and Tan, from $1.00 to $2.00 that have been selling from $3.00 to $5.00. These are fine, stylish, up-to-date goods, whose quality and appearance will convince you quicker than our words.

In Gent's Low-Quarter Shoes, both Black and Tan, we have that for which every one is seeking—"Something for almost nothing"—a $2.00 Shoe for 90 cents.

Ladies and Misses Slippers at prices that will make you buy, and make you sorry when you have bought that you did not buy more.

You want Shoes, we want dollars, and we are going to have your's or some-one-else's, for the live bargains we offer are bound to gather the coin.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.,

my 28 tf MARKET STREET NEAR FRONT.

For One Dollar Cash

You can secure the new Werner edition of THE ENCYCLOPÆDIA BRITANNICA in thirty superb octavo volumes,

Balance payable in easy monthly installments.

We also give an Upright Oak Book Case with this set.

Call and see them at our store.

C. W. YATES & CO.,

my 14 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

GALVANIZED AND BRASS

Hardware for Seashore Cottages.

Wire Screen Doors and Windows.

A Complete line Fishing Tackle.

White Mountain Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Ice Picks, Water Coolers, &c.

The Largest Hardware and House Furnishing Line.

A fully equipped Tin Shop. Anything in Tin or Sheet Metal manufactured or repaired.

Roofing and Repairing of Roofs and Range Work a Specialty.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.,

my 14 tf NEXT TO POSTOFFICE.

White Silk Parasols... $1.00

Also, full stock of all colors Silk Parasols with large ruffle, $1.48. $3.00 grades, all colors, $2.25. Pretty assortment of Children's Parasols, 15c to 98c Bargains in Embroideries and Laces. Grandest stock of Piques, 10c to 35c. 25c Organdies and Dimities, 15c. Wash Silks, 25c. Hammocks all prices. Ladies' Bleached Vests, 5c and upward. Dr. Raub's Egg White Soap. Bargains in Shirt Waists and Skirts.

Mattings & Window Shades.

Fair quality Fancy Seamless Matting, 10c. Heavier grades at 12½, 15 and 18c. 25c pretty Cotton Warp Matting, 10c. Window Shades on Springs, 11c and upwards. Bargains in Shoes and Slippers, Hats, Clothing, Belt Buckles, Beauty Pins, at

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

NEAR FOURTH STREET BRIDGE.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and over. my 28 tf

BAKING-DAY IN THE KITCHEN

is one that should be provided for ahead of time with Spices, Flavoring Essences and Extracts, Dried Fruits, Fresh Eggs and Butter, and fine Pastry Flour. We keep nothing but the very best Condiments, Pure Spices and Flavoring Extracts, A1 sweet and delicious Creamery Butter, and high-grade Baking Powders, and our prices are the lowest. For instance, we sell you Burnett's Vanilla for 30c per 2 ounce bottle.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,

B. F. KING, MANAGER.

'Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.

my 31 tf

SPECIAL LINEN SALE THIS WEEK AT The C. W. Polvogt Co.

No. 9 North Front street.

Our Linen Department comes to the front every now and then with some surprising offerings. Below you will note prices that will out class any Bargain we have attempted for a long time.

TABLE DAMASK.

66-inch Bleached German Linen, our 59c regular value, special for this sale 49c per yard.

62 inch Bleached Table Damask, our 65c regular value, special for this sale 50c per yard.

72-inch extra fine quality Bleached Table Linen, our 90c regular value, special for this sale only 75c per yard.

72 inch extra fine quality Bleached Table Linen, our $1.35 regular price, special for this sale only $1.15 per yard.

SPECIAL! Short lengths, in 2 yards and 2½ yards lengths, our 75c regular price, special for this sale only 60c per yard.

TOWELS, TOWELS.

We have 100 dozen Four Leaf Clover Towels, 30 x 40 inches, we offer this week at 10c each See window display.

All Linen Huck Towels, 17 x 32 inches, special prices for this sale 10c each.

All Linen Huck Towels, 18 x 36 inches, special prices for this sale 12½c.

Extra large Huck Towels, 21 x 42 inches, a regular 35c value, special for this sale on 2 25c each.

Extra size and quality Huck, Hemstitched Towels, 20 x 40 inches, our regular 35c goods, special for this sale only 27c.

Our 25c Black Damask Towel, extra fine quality, special for this sale only 15c.

New Belt Buckles just received.
Sole Agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.

my 21 tf **THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.**

SUITS to MEASURE

Those in need of a Summer Suit will do well to inspect our imported and Domestic Suitings and Trouserings before buying. We can give you a fit and style which you cannot get elsewhere.

Negligee Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Half Hose, Underwear, Neckwear, Night Robes and Pajamas.

Furnishing Goods of every description.

M. H. CURRAN,

my 28 tf 107 Princess street.